

Water and Wastewater Study Combined

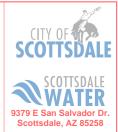


PRELIMINARY Basis of Design Report

✓ ACCEPTED

☐ ACCEPTED AS NOTED





Disclaimer: If accepted; the preliminary approval is granted under the condition that a final basis of design report will also be submitted for city review and approval (typically during the DR or PP case). The final report shall incorporate further water or sewer design and analysis requirements as defined in the city design standards and policy manual and address those items noted in the preliminary review comments (both separate and included herein). The final report shall be submitted and approved prior to the plan review submission.

For questions or clarifications contact the Water Resources Planning and Engineering Department at 480-312-5685.

BY rsacks

DATE 3/11/2021

PRELIMINARY WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM BASIS OF DESIGN REPORT FOR RAINTREE DRIVE RESIDENTIAL

March 5, 2021 WP# 195063



EXPIRES 6-30-21



2051 W Northern Ave #100 Phoenix AZ 85021 P: 602.335.8500 F: 602.335.8580 www.woodpatel.com

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March 5, 2021

Mr. Levi Dillion, PE Senior Water Resources Engineer City of Scottsdale 9379 East San Salvador Drive Scottsdale, Arizona 85258

480.312.5319 ldillion@scottsdaleaz.gov

Re: Raintree Drive Residential

Preliminary Water Distribution System Basis of Design Report WP# 195063

Mr. Dillion:

This Preliminary Water Distribution System Basis of Design Report is prepared for Trammell Crow and submitted to the City of Scottsdale. The Raintree Drive Residential Building (Site) is a 3.12-acre site, located at the southeast corner of North Northsight Boulevard and East Raintree Drive. More specifically, the Site is located at the southwest quarter of Section 12, Township 3 North, Range 4 East of the Gila and Salt River Meridian. Refer to the *Vicinity Map* at the back of this report for project location. The Site is a proposed 5-story, 190-room residential building with 5.5-story parking garage with associated paving, utility, hardscape, and landscape improvements.

The Site is surrounded by public waterline infrastructure which forms a looped waterline system around the Site. There is one (1) 12-inch C900 water main in Northsight Boulevard, (1) 20-inch SCP and one (1) 12-inch ACP water main in Raintree Drive, and one (1) 10-inch C900 water main in 87th Street. There is one (1) 8-inch DIP public waterline in the existing Raintree Private Drive. The Raintree Drive Residential site proposes two (2) new connections to the public 8-inch water main in the Raintree Private Drive to service domestic and fire demands. Refer to the attached *Water Exhibit* for a depiction of the existing water infrastructure surrounding the Site.

The design criteria used to estimate potable water demands and evaluate system hydraulics are based on Wood, Patel & Associates, Inc.'s (WOODPATEL's) understanding of the requirements listed in the *City of Scottsdale Design Standards and Policies Manual*, 2018. The following is a summary of the primary design criteria utilized:

 Average Day 	Water Demand, High Density Condominium:	0.27 gpm/unit*
Fire Flow Rec	quirements:	min 1,500 gpm**
 Maximum Da 	y Demand:	2.0 x ADD
 Peak Hour Dealer 	emand:	3.5 x ADD
 Minimum Res 	sidual Pressure, Peak Hour:	50 psi
	sidual Pressure, Maximum Day + Fire Flow:	
 Maximum Sy 	stem Pressure:	120 psi
 Maximum Pip 	be Head Loss, Maximum Day Demand:	8 ft / 1000 ft
	pe Head Loss, Peak Hour Demand:	
Minimum Pip	e Diameter, Public Water Line	8 inches
	ad gallone har days of aguera facts ADC	

Abbreviations: gpd = gallons per day; sf = square feet; ADD = average day demand; psi = pounds per square inch

*Includes both inside and outside use per Figure 6-1.2, COS Design Standards & Policies Manual
**Fire flow is based on 10% reduction to account for flow measurement inaccuracy (Refer to attached Calculations in the appendices)

Potable water service for the proposed Site will be provided by one (1) 3-inch domestic turbo water service, equipped with a 3-inch backflow prevention device and meter, connecting to the existing 8-inch waterline on the south side of the Site. A 1-inch irrigation service, equipped with a 1-inch backflow prevention device and meter, will be relocated and utilized in the northeast corner. Refer to the attached *Water Exhibit* for a depiction of the proposed water infrastructure.

Fire protection for the proposed building will be provided though one (1) 8-inch fire sprinkler service, connecting to the 8-inch public waterline on the south side of the Site. In addition, there are several existing fire hydrants within the Site vicinity. One (1) fire hydrant will be relocated. Refer to the attached *Water Exhibit* for proposed fire hydrant and fire sprinkler service locations.

The design criteria used to estimate water demands and evaluate system hydraulics are based on WOODPATEL's understanding of locally accepted design criteria, and the requirements listed in the City of Scottsdale Standards.

The average-day water demand for the Site is projected to be approximately 73,872 gallons per day (gpd), or 51 gallons per minute (gpm). The projected max day demand is 103 gpm. The projected peak demand is 180 gpm (Refer to the attached *Calculation and Hydraulic Modeling Results*). The plumbing engineer will review internal building design to confirm whether a pump is required to maintain the minimum 50 psi at the highest finished floor.

WaterCAD Version 8i, by Haestad Methods, was utilized to analyze the existing water distribution system and proposed improvements. The hydraulic model was calibrated using data provided from a fire hydrant flow test, performed by the Arizona Flow Testing, LLC., on November 8, 2019 (Refer to attached *Fire Hydrant Flow Test*).

The hydraulic modeling results indicate the proposed system is capable of delivering peak demands of approximately 180 gpm to the Site, with pressures ranging from 72 -74 psi. Fire-flow results during Max Day demand indicate the required fire flows (1,500 gpm) are available within the proposed development at all existing and proposed fire hydrants, with system residual pressures at or above 30 psi, with the minimum fire flow at 2,704 gpm. It is important to add, a 75-percent reduction was applied to the fire flow requirements, due to proposed sprinkler system. Hydraulic-modeling results, calculations, and exhibits involved in the water system analysis are attached.

Thank you for your review of the Water Distribution System Basis of Design Report provided for the Raintree Drive Residential. Feel free to contact me if you have any questions.

Wood, Patel & Associates, Inc.



John "Gordy" Ritchie, PE Project Manager

EXPIRES 6-30-21

Attachments: Calculations and Hydraulic Modeling Results

Vicinity Map

Water System Exhibit Fire Flow Test Results

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CALCULATIONS AND HYDRAULIC MODELING RESULTS





Raintree Drive Residential

Project Location Scottsdale AZ

Project Number 15063

Project Engineer John "Gordy" Ritchie

References City of Scottsdale Design Standards and Policies Manual

LAND USE AND DW	LAND USE AND DWELLING UNIT BREAKDOWN BY JUNCTION													
HYDRAULIC ELEVAT (ft)	ELEVATION	LAND USE	DWELLING	DEMAND VALUE				MAX DAY FLOW			PEAK FLOW			
	(ft)	LAND USE	UNITS		(gpm)	(gpd)	Total (gpm)	(gpm)	(gpd)	Total (gpm)	(gpm)	(gpd)	Total (gpm)	
J-DOM	1,462.00	High Density Condominium	190	0.27	gpm/Unit	51.30	73,872.00	51.30	102.60	147,744.00	102.60	179.55	258,552.00	179.55
Total			190			51	73,872	51	103	147,744	103	180	258,552	180



EXISTING WATER SYSTEM PRESSURES

Project Raintree Drive Residential

Location Scottsdale AZ
Project Number 15063

Project Engineer John "Gordy" Ritchie

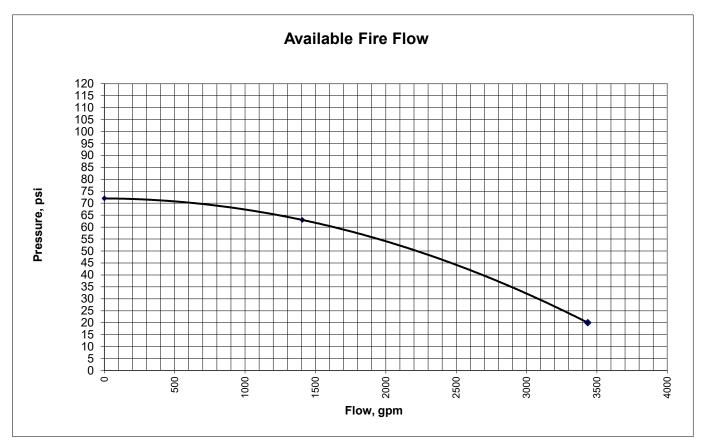
Flow Test Location Date of Flow Test

Pressure Hydrant Flow Hydrant

 Static Pressure (psi)
 72.0

 Residual Pressure (psi)
 63.0
 Flow (gpm)
 1407

 Calculated Flow at 20 psi
 3435 gpm
 Calculated Flow at
 20 psi



Discharge	Pressure	Head
(gpm)	(psi)	(ft)
0	72	166.2
1407	63	145.5
3435	20	46.2

Notes

1. Values provided from a flow test by Arizona Fire Flow Testing LLC.

FlexTable: Pipe Table

Active Scenario: Calibration - Static

Label	Diameter (in)	Material	Start Node	Stop Node	Hazen-Williams C	Flow (gpm)	Velocity (ft/s)
P-1	8.0	Ductile Iron	FH-TEST	J-DOM	130.0	0	0.00
P-2	8.0	Ductile Iron	J-DOM	FH-FIRE	130.0	0	0.00
P-4	8.0	Ductile Iron	J-FLOW	J-1	130.0	0	0.00
P-5	12.0	PVC	J-1	J-2	150.0	0	0.00
P-6	12.0	Asbestos Cement	J-2	FH-TEST	140.0	0	0.00
P-PMP	48.0	Ductile Iron	PMP-1	FH-TEST	130.0	0	0.00
P-RES	48.0	Ductile Iron	RES-1	PMP-1	130.0	0	0.00

FlexTable: Junction Table Active Scenario: Calibration - Static

Label	Elevation (ft)	Demand (gpm)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Pressure (psi)
FH-FIRE	1,458.50	0	1,629.20	74
FH-TEST	1,463.00	0	1,629.20	72
J-1	1,460.00	0	1,629.20	73
J-2	1,460.00	0	1,629.20	73
J-DOM	1,462.00	0	1,629.20	72
J-FLOW	1,459.00	0	1,629.20	74

FlexTable: Pipe Table

Active Scenario: Calibration - Flow

Label	Diameter (in)	Material	Start Node	Stop Node	Hazen-Williams C	Flow (gpm)	Velocity (ft/s)
P-1	8.0	Ductile Iron	FH-TEST	J-DOM	130.0	0	0.00
P-2	8.0	Ductile Iron	J-DOM	FH-FIRE	130.0	0	0.00
P-4	8.0	Ductile Iron	J-FLOW	J-1	130.0	-1,407	8.98
P-5	12.0	PVC	J-1	J-2	150.0	-1,407	3.99
P-6	12.0	Asbestos Cement	J-2	FH-TEST	140.0	-1,407	3.99
P-PMP	48.0	Ductile Iron	PMP-1	FH-TEST	130.0	1,407	0.25
P-RES	48.0	Ductile Iron	RES-1	PMP-1	130.0	1,407	0.25

FlexTable: Junction Table Active Scenario: Calibration - Flow

Label	Elevation (ft)	Demand (gpm)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Pressure (psi)
FH-FIRE	1,458.50	0	1,608.50	65
FH-TEST	1,463.00	0	1,608.50	63
J-1	1,460.00	0	1,602.96	62
J-2	1,460.00	0	1,605.39	63
J-DOM	1,462.00	0	1,608.50	63
J-FLOW	1,459.00	1,407	1,572.11	49

FlexTable: Pipe Table

Active Scenario: Calibration - Max

Label	Diameter (in)	Material	Start Node	Stop Node	Hazen-Williams C	Flow (gpm)	Velocity (ft/s)
P-1	8.0	Ductile Iron	FH-TEST	J-DOM	130.0	0	0.00
P-2	8.0	Ductile Iron	J-DOM	FH-FIRE	130.0	0	0.00
P-4	8.0	Ductile Iron	J-FLOW	J-1	130.0	-3,435	21.92
P-5	12.0	PVC	J-1	J-2	150.0	-3,435	9.74
P-6	12.0	Asbestos Cement	J-2	FH-TEST	140.0	-3,435	9.74
P-PMP	48.0	Ductile Iron	PMP-1	FH-TEST	130.0	3,435	0.61
P-RES	48.0	Ductile Iron	RES-1	PMP-1	130.0	3,435	0.61

FlexTable: Junction Table Active Scenario: Calibration - Max

Label	Elevation (ft)	Demand (gpm)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Pressure (psi)
FH-FIRE	1,458.50	0	1,509.20	22
FH-TEST	1,463.00	0	1,509.20	20
J-1	1,460.00	0	1,480.28	9
J-2	1,460.00	0	1,492.94	14
J-DOM	1,462.00	0	1,509.20	20
J-FLOW	1,459.00	3,435	1,319.15	-61

FlexTable: Pipe Table

Active Scenario: Average Day Demand

Label	Diameter (in)	Material	Start Node	Stop Node	Hazen-Williams C	Flow (gpm)	Velocity (ft/s)
P-1	8.0	Ductile Iron	FH-TEST	J-DOM	130.0	33	0.21
P-2	8.0	Ductile Iron	J-DOM	FH-FIRE	130.0	-19	0.12
P-3	8.0	Ductile Iron	FH-FIRE	J-FLOW	130.0	-19	0.12
P-4	8.0	Ductile Iron	J-FLOW	J-1	130.0	-19	0.12
P-5	12.0	PVC	J-1	J-2	150.0	-19	0.05
P-6	12.0	Asbestos Cement	J-2	FH-TEST	140.0	-19	0.05
P-PMP	48.0	Ductile Iron	PMP-1	FH-TEST	130.0	51	0.01
P-RES	48.0	Ductile Iron	RES-1	PMP-1	130.0	51	0.01

FlexTable: Junction Table Active Scenario: Average Day Demand

Label	Elevation (ft)	Demand (gpm)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Pressure (psi)
FH-FIRE	1,458.50	0	1,629.16	74
FH-TEST	1,463.00	0	1,629.17	72
J-1	1,460.00	0	1,629.17	73
J-2	1,460.00	0	1,629.17	73
J-DOM	1,462.00	51	1,629.16	72
J-FLOW	1,459.00	0	1,629.16	74

FlexTable: Pipe Table

Active Scenario: Peak Hour

Label	Diameter (in)	Material	Start Node	Stop Node	Hazen-Williams C	Flow (gpm)	Velocity (ft/s)
P-1	8.0	Ductile Iron	FH-TEST	J-DOM	130.0	114	0.73
P-2	8.0	Ductile Iron	J-DOM	FH-FIRE	130.0	-65	0.42
P-3	8.0	Ductile Iron	FH-FIRE	J-FLOW	130.0	-65	0.42
P-4	8.0	Ductile Iron	J-FLOW	J-1	130.0	-65	0.42
P-5	12.0	PVC	J-1	J-2	150.0	-65	0.19
P-6	12.0	Asbestos Cement	J-2	FH-TEST	140.0	-65	0.19
P-PMP	48.0	Ductile Iron	PMP-1	FH-TEST	130.0	180	0.03
P-RES	48.0	Ductile Iron	RES-1	PMP-1	130.0	180	0.03

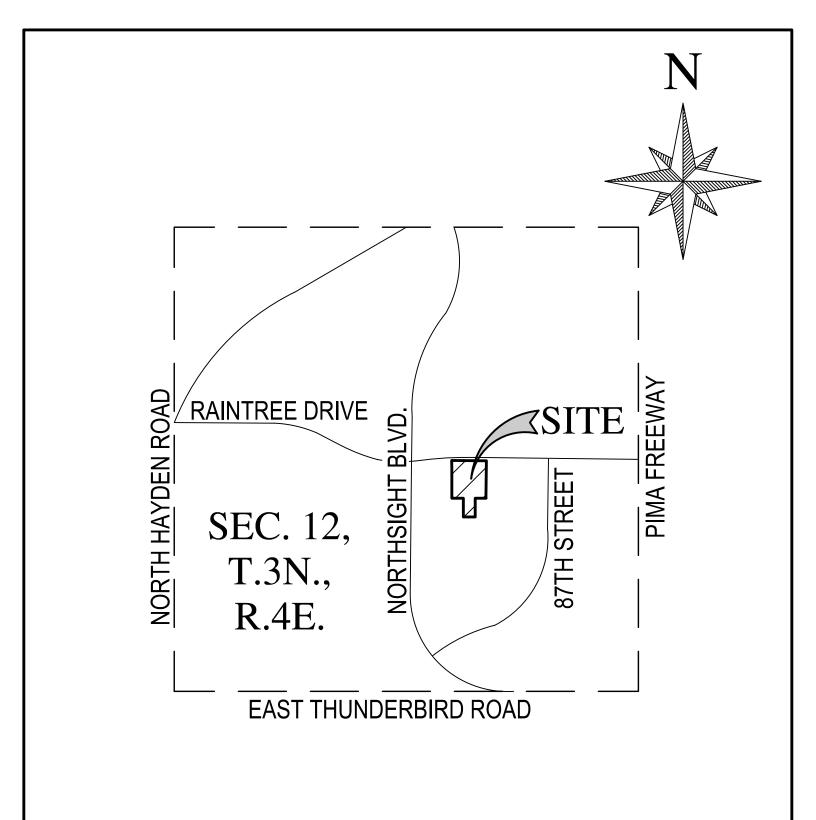
FlexTable: Junction Table Active Scenario: Peak Hour

Label	Elevation (ft)	Demand (gpm)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Pressure (psi)
FH-FIRE	1,458.50	0	1,628.72	74
FH-TEST	1,463.00	0	1,628.84	72
J-1	1,460.00	0	1,628.82	73
J-2	1,460.00	0	1,628.83	73
J-DOM	1,462.00	180	1,628.72	72
J-FLOW	1,459.00	0	1,628.72	73

Fire Flow Node FlexTable: Fire Flow Report Active Scenario: Fire Flow + Max Day

Label	Elevation (ft)	Flow (Total Needed) (gpm)	Flow (Total Available) (gpm)	Pressure (Residual Lower Limit) (psi)	Pressure (Calculated Residual) (psi)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)
FH-FIRE	1,458.50	1,500	2,662	30	31	1,629.04
FH-TEST	1,463.00	1,500	2,978	30	30	1,629.08
J-1	1,460.00	1,500	2,826	30	30	1,629.07
J-2	1,460.00	1,500	2,893	30	30	1,629.08
J-DOM	1,462.00	1,603	2,763	30	30	1,629.04
J-FLOW	1,459.00	1,500	2,664	30	31	1,629.04

VICINITY MAP



FOR CONSTRUCTION OR RECORDING

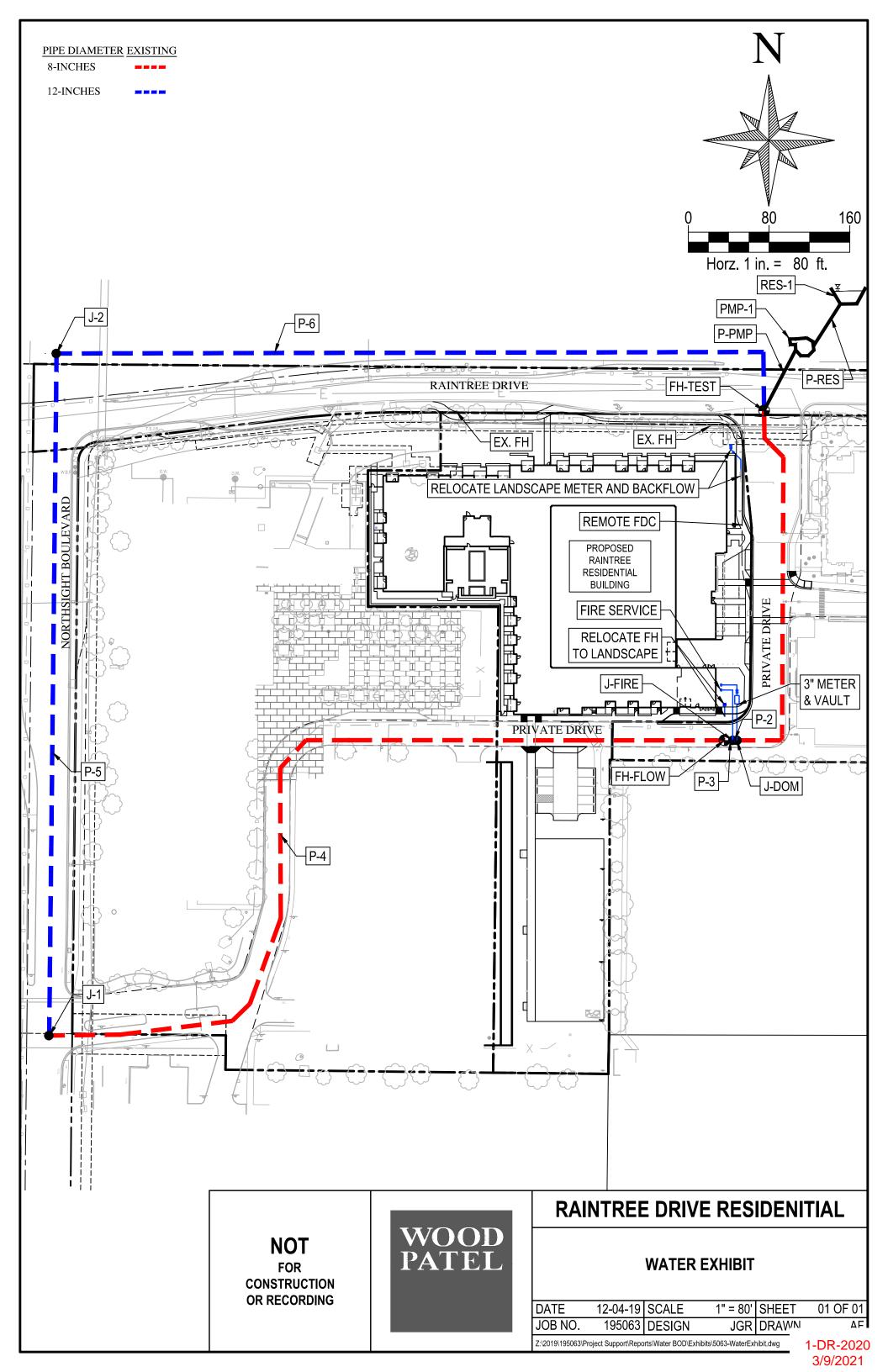


RAINTREE DRIVE RESIDENITIAL

VICINITY MAP

DATE	03-05-2021	SCALE	N/A	SHEET	01 OF 01
JOB NO.	195063	DESIGN	JGR	CHECK	JGR
		DRAWN	AF	RFI#	N/A

1-DR-2020 3/9/2021 **WATER SYSTEM EXHIBIT**



FIRE FLOW TEST RESULTS

Arizona Flow Testing LLC

HYDRANT FLOW TEST REPORT

Project Name: Raintree Phase 3 Residential Building

Project Address: 87th Street and Raintree Drive, Scottsdale, Arizona 85260

Arizona Flow Testing Project No.: 19414 Client Project No.: Not Provided Flow Test Permit No.: C60265

Date and time flow test conducted: November 8, 2019 at 8:00 AM

Data is current and reliable until: May 8, 2020

Floyd Vaughan – Arizona Flow Testing, LLC (480-250-8154) Conducted by: Witnessed by: Jared Berry – City of Scottsdale-Inspector (602-541-4942)

Raw Test Data

Static Pressure: 82.0 PSI (Measured in pounds per square inch)

Residual Pressure: 73.0 PSI (Measured in pounds per square inch)

Pitot Pressure: 14.0 PSI (Measured in pounds per square inch)

Diffuser Orifice Diameter: 4- Inch Hose Monster

(Measured in inches)

Coefficient of Diffuser: .7875

Flowing GPM: 1,407 GPM

(Measured in gallons per minute)

GPM @ 20 PSI:

Data with 10 PSI Safety Factor

72.0 PSI Static Pressure: (Measured in pounds per square inch)

Residual Pressure: 63.0 PSI (Measured in pounds per square inch)

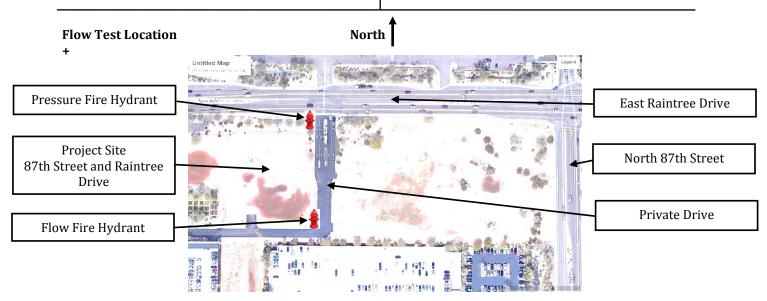
Scottsdale requires a maximum Static Pressure of 72 PSI for AFES Design.

Distance between hydrants: Approx. 330 Feet

Main size: Not Provided

Flowing GPM: 1,407 GPM

3,989 GPM GPM @ 20 PSI: 3,627 GPM



Arizona Flow Testing LLC 480-250-8154 www.azflowtest.com floyd@azflowtest.com



PRELIMINARY WASTEWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM BASIS OF DESIGN REPORT FOR RAINTREE DRIVE RESIDENTIAL

March 5, 2021 WP# 195063

PRELIMINARY Basis of Design Report

☐ ACCEPTED

✓ ACCEPTED AS NOTED

☐ REVISE AND RESUBMIT



Disclaimer: If accepted; the preliminary approval is granted under the condition that a final basis of design report will also be submitted for city review and approval (typically during the DR or PP case). The final report shall incorporate further water or sewer design and analysis requirements as defined in the city design standards and policy manual and address those items noted in the preliminary review comments (both separate and included herein). The final report shall be submitted and approved prior to the plan review submission.

For questions or clarifications contact the Water Resources Planning and Engineering Department at 480-312-5685.

BY rsacks

DATE 3/11/2021



EXPIRES 6-30-21

Note that sewer east of MH #4 is not connected to this MH. That sewer flows east.



March 5, 2021

2051 W Northern Ave #100 Phoenix AZ 85021 P: 602.335.8500 F: 602.335.8580 www.woodpatel.com Mr. Levi Dillion, PE Senior Water Resources Engineer City of Scottsdale 9379 East San Salvador Drive Scottsdale, Arizona 85258

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Nicholas E. Brown, PE

480.312.5319 Idillion@scottsdaleaz.gov

Re: Raintree Drive Residential

Preliminary Wastewater Collection System Basis of Design Report

WP# 195063

Mr. Dillion:

This Preliminary Wastewater Collection System Basis of Design Report is prepared for Trammell Crow Company and submitted to the City of Scottsdale in support of the application for a minor General Plan Amendment and rezoning of the property located in the southeast quadrant of Raintree Drive and north Northsight Boulevard.

Phase I consists of the existing office building and improvements on the west side of the property. Phase II consists of an approved office building, parking garage and related improvements to be constructed on the east side of the property.

The proposed Raintree Drive Residential Building (Site) is a 3.12-acre site, located at the southeast corner of north Northsight Boulevard and east Raintree Drive. More specifically, the Site is located at the southwest quarter of Section 12, Township 3 North, Range 4 East of the Gila and Salt River Meridian. Refer to the *Vicinity Map* at the back of this report for project location. The Site is a proposed 5-story, 190-room residential building with 5.5- story parking garage with associated paving, utility, hardscape, and landscape improvements. A pool will be constructed within a courtyard area within the general building footprint. Backwash for the pool will be accounted for within the building plumbing design.

Wastewater flowing from the proposed Site will discharge to an existing 8-inch stub into the 8-inch sewer line located in the Site's private drive, as well as a proposed 6-inch sewer stub that also discharges into the same 8-inch sewer line in the Site's private drive. The 8-inch sewer line then discharges into the existing public 8-inch VCP sewer line in Raintree Drive. Refer to the attached *Wastewater Exhibit* for a depiction of the existing sewer infrastructure surrounding the Site.

The design criteria used to estimate wastewater flows and evaluate system hydraulics are based on Wood, Patel & Associates, Inc.'s (WOODPATEL's) understanding of the requirements listed in the *City of Scottsdale Design Standards and Policies Manual*, 2018. The following is a summary of the primary design criteria utilized:

•	Average Day Wastewater flows, High Density Condominium:	140 gpd/unit
	Peaking Factor, High Density Condominium:	
	Minimum Mean Full Flow Velocity:	
•	Minimum Peak Full Flow Velocity:	
•	Minimum Peak Flow d/D Ratio (12-inch diameter or less sewers):	
•	Minimum Peak Full Flow Velocity:	10.0 fps
•	Minimum Peak Flow d/D Ratio (12-inch diameter or less sewers):	

Abbreviations: gpd = gallons per day; fps = feet per second

Based on the above design criteria, the projected average day flow for the proposed project is approximately 26,600 gallons per day (gpd). The peak flow is projected to be 119,700 gpd. The proposed sewer slopes, projected flow velocities, and pipe flow capacities are summarized on the attached spreadsheets.

It is assumed the infiltration and inflow from wet weather has been accounted for in the published design flow rates for the development and the maximum d/D. Therefore, those flows have not been added into the calculations. The proposed sanitary sewer collection system is designed to have adequate capacity to serve the proposed development, including backwash from the pool to be confirmed by the plumbing engineer.

Thank you for your review of the Preliminary Wastewater Collection System Basis of Design Report provided for the Raintree Drive Residential. Feel free to contact me if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Wood, Patel & Associates, Inc.



EXPIRES 6-30-21

John "Gordy" Ritchie, PE Project Manager

Attachments: Wastewater Design Flows & Flowmaster Results

Vicinity Map

Wastewater Exhibit

WASTEWATER DESIGN FLOWS & FLOWMASTER RESULTS



TABLE 1 WASTEWATER MODEL, FULL BUILD-OUT CONDITION

Project Raintree Drive Residential

Location Scottsdale AZ

Project Number 15063

Project Engineer John "Gordy" Ritchie

References City of Scottsdale Design Standards and Policies Manual

Arizona Administrative Code, Title 18, Chapter 9

FROM NODE	NODE	Multi-Family Residential (DU)	Commerical (Office)	DEMAND VALUE (gpd/DU)	SEWER NODE ADD (gpd)	TOTAL ADD (gpd)	POPULATION	PEAKING FACTOR		PEAK FLOW (gpm)
Outfall 1 Priavte Drive)									
Office	Private Drive	0	175,000	0.4	70,000	70,000	0.0	4.5	315,000	219
Residential	Private Drive	190	0	140	26,600	26,600	266.0	4.5	119,700	83
Total Outfall 1		190			26,600	96,600	266.0	4.5	434,700	302
Total Proposed Flow		190			26,600	96,600	266	4.5	434,700	302

8-Inch at Peak Flow

FIGURE DESCRIPTION	Pro	t Descripti	on
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Friction Method Manning Formula
Solve For Normal Depth

Input Data

 Roughness Coefficient
 0.013

 Channel Slope
 0.08000
 ft/ft

 Diameter
 8.00
 in

 Discharge
 119700.00
 gal/day

Results

Normal Depth 1.27 in Flow Area 0.04 ft² Wetted Perimeter 0.55 ft Hydraulic Radius 0.78 in Top Width 0.49 ft Critical Depth 0.20 ft Percent Full 15.8 % Critical Slope 0.00641 ft/ft Velocity 5.23 ft/s 0.42 Velocity Head ft Specific Energy 0.53 ft Froude Number 3.41 Maximum Discharge 3.68 ft³/s Discharge Full 3.42 ft³/s Slope Full 0.00023 ft/ft SuperCritical Flow Type

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth 0.00 in Length 0.00 ft Number Of Steps 0

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth

12/4/2019 1:41:19 PM

Profile Description

Profile Headloss 0.00 ft

Average End Depth Over Rise 0.00 %

Normal Depth Over Rise 15.81 %

Downstream Velocity Infinity ft/s

Bentley Systems, Inc. Haestad Methods SoBaticle©FittedMaster V8i (SELECTseries 1) [08.11.01.03] 27 Siemons Company Drive Suite 200 W Watertown, CT 06795 USA +1-203-755-1666 Page 1 of 2

0.00

8-Inch at Peak Flow

GVF Output Data

 Upstream Velocity
 Infinity
 ft/s

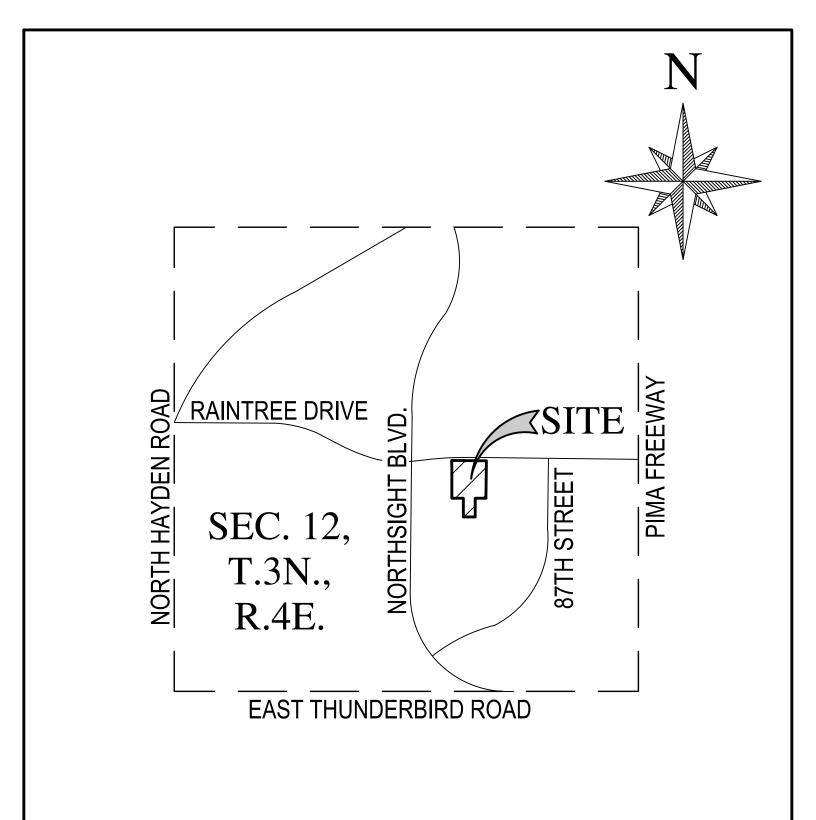
 Normal Depth
 1.27
 in

 Critical Depth
 0.20
 ft

 Channel Slope
 0.08000
 ft/ft

 Critical Slope
 0.00641
 ft/ft

VICINITY MAP



FOR CONSTRUCTION OR RECORDING



RAINTREE DRIVE RESIDENITIAL

VICINITY MAP

DATE	03-05-2021	SCALE	N/A	SHEET	01 OF 01
JOB NO.	195063	DESIGN	JGR	CHECK	JGR
		DRAWN	AF	RFI#	N/A

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1-DR-2020 3/9/2021 **WASTEWATER EXHIBIT**

