

**Final Sewer Basis of Design Report
For
101 & Princess Dr.
NWC of Princess Drive and 101 Freeway
Scottsdale, Arizona 85255**



November 2024

- 1st Zoning Submittal 1/16/24
- 2nd Zoning Submittal 4/29/24
- 1st DRB Submittal 4/29/24
- 3rd Zoning Submittal 7/29/24
- 2nd DRB Submittal 8/7/24

FINAL Basis of Design Report

APPROVED

APPROVED AS NOTED

REVISE AND RESUBMIT



Prepared by:
Hunter Engineering, Inc.
10450 North 74th Street, #200
Scottsdale, AZ 85258

Disclaimer: If approved; the approval is granted under the condition that the final construction documents submitted for city review will match the information herein. Any subsequent changes in the water or sewer design that materially impact design criteria or standards will require re-analysis, re-submittal, and approval of a revised basis of design report prior to the plan review submission.; this approval is not a guarantee of construction document acceptance. For questions or clarifications contact the Water Resources Planning and Engineering Department at 480-312-5685.

BY rahman

DATE 12/20/2024

FINAL SEWER BASIS OF DESIGN REPORT
FOR
101 & PRINCESS DR.
NWC OF PRINCESS DRIVE AND 101 FREEWAY
SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA 85255

PREPARED FOR

LGE DESIGN BUILD
1200 NORTH 52ND STREET
PHOENIX, AZ 85008

PREPARED BY

LARRY TALBOTT
HUNTER ENGINEERING, INC.
10450 NORTH 74TH STREET, #200
SCOTTSDALE, AZ 85258
(480) 991-3985

H.E. PROJECT NO. LGEC319

HUNTER
ENGINEERING

Table of Contents

| <u>Section</u> | | <u>Title</u> |
|-----------------------|----------------------|--|
| | <u>Page #</u> | |
| 1.0 | | Introduction..... 1 |
| 2.0 | | Existing Conditions..... 1 |
| 3.0 | | Proposed Sewer Collection System 2 |
| 4.0 | | Conclusion 3 |
| 5.0 | | References..... 3 |

| <u>Figures</u> | <u>Title</u> | <u>Location</u> |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Vicinity Map..... | Appendix A |
| 2 | Concept Utility Plan..... | Appendix A |

| <u>Appendix</u> | <u>Title</u> |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| A | Figures |
| B | Sewer Calculations |
| C | Sewer Flow Test Results |
| D | References |



1.0 INTRODUCTION

This sewer design report has been prepared under a contract from LGE Design Build, developer of the 101 & Princess Dr. project. The purpose of this report is to provide a final sewer analysis, required by the City of Scottsdale, to support this development. Preparation of this report has been done according to the procedures detailed in Chapter 4 of the *City of Scottsdale Design Standards & Policies Manual dated January, 2018 (CSDSPM) (Reference 1)* and the *City of Phoenix Water Services Department, Design Standards Manual for Water and Wastewater Systems, 2017 (COPWSD) (Reference 2)*. The City of Phoenix reference was utilized for the sewer demands where Scottsdale's design standards do not supply demand flows for specific building uses.

This development project is located along the west side of the Loop 101 Freeway just north of Princess Drive within the City of Scottsdale, Maricopa County, Arizona. The proposed project is currently four undeveloped parcels within the Perimeter Center master development.

The existing parcel is bound by existing commercial developments to the north and west, Princess Drive to the south and the Loop 101 Freeway to the east. The site is specifically located in the east half of section 36, Township 4 North, Range 4 East, of the Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian. Figure 1, in Appendix A, illustrates the location of the project site in relation to the City of Scottsdale street system. Access to the site is provided from 85th Street, St. John Road and the existing private drive for the existing hotel along the southwestern property boundary.

The development proposes the construction of four new warehouse buildings. Site improvements will include construction of driveway entrances, a parking lot, sidewalk/hardscape, landscape areas, and supporting infrastructure including new storm water drainage system, water, sewer and fire line service. The overall project site is approximately 17 acres.

2.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS

There is an existing 8" VCP sewer within 85th Street, St. John Road and Princess Road adjacent to the site. There are three existing sewer services to the site off 85th Street and a single existing sewer service to the site off Princess Drive.

The City of Scottsdale Water and Wastewater Department requested that two downstream sewer manholes be flow tested to determine the available capacity. The first manhole tested was MH1 located at East Bell Road east of North Hayden Road and the other was MH2 located at North Perimeter Drive just north of East Hartford Drive. Both flow tests were performed by RDH Environmental Services, LLC between October 31st, 2024 and November 11th, 2024. See Appendix C for the sewer flow test results.

MH1 near Bell and Hayden resulted in a highest measured maximum flow during the test period of 184.97 gpm. The main tested is a 15" PVC pipe. The capacity for this main is 1,040 gpm at a minimum 0.225% slope and a d/D ratio of 0.65. This existing main is at approximately

18% capacity with approximately 855 gpm of available flow. It should be noted that the city quarter section maps show this existing main as 12", however the main was measured as 15" in the field. Those measurements are shown in the flow test report in Appendix C.

MH2 near Perimeter and Hartford resulted in highest measured maximum flow during the test period of 121.60 gpm. The main tested is an 8" PVC pipe. The capacity for this main is 295 gpm at a minimum slope of 0.52% and a d/D ratio of 0.65. The existing main is at approximately 41% capacity with approximately 173 gpm of available flow.

3.0 PROPOSED SEWER COLLECTION SYSTEM

This project proposes to connect to the existing sewer services where applicable. Where connection to the existing sewer services is not feasible a new service connection to the main will be provided. See the Concept Utility Plans in Appendix A for proposed service stub locations and sizes.

It is anticipated the proposed speculative buildings will be distribution use with two tenants and two small office components for each building. The preliminary floor plans estimated the building office areas for parking calculations based on the building configurations. Those office square footages were used for these flow calculations. The maximum allowed office area for the entire project is 20,000sf, therefore it is anticipated that each building will have around 5,000sf of office per building. Each building could have two tenants each with an estimated 2,500sf office. The actual office areas may vary with the future the total office area being spread throughout the site as needed.

The distribution use in Scottsdale is considered warehouse which is considered storage to be analyzed as a commercial use for water demands. However, the site is zoned industrial and the distribution use would never generate anywhere near a commercial or retail use. For example, it is anticipated that each tenant would need four single stall bathrooms totaling eight single stall bathrooms per building. Therefore, the distribution portion of the site will be analyzed as an industrial use so the water demands more accurately reflect the anticipated use demands.

Per Figure 7-1.2 Average Day Sewer Demand in the City of Scottsdale *Design Standards & Policies Manual* a demand of 0.4 gallons per day per building square foot was used for the proposed office use in each building. The design peaking factor is 3.0. See Appendix B for a summary of these calculations.

Since the City of Scottsdale does not have an industrial sewer demand or peaking factor, Wastewater flows for the proposed distribution use were calculated in accordance with the CSDSPM (Reference 1) and City of Phoenix Water Services Department, *Design Standards Manual for Water and Wastewater Systems, 2021*. See Appendix C. This results in wastewater flows of 50gpd per every 1,000 sf of building. The peaking was calculated as 4.21 using Harmon's Formula per the City of Phoenix design standards and an assumed population of one person per 2,100 sf of building. See Appendix B for a summary of these calculations.

For industrial buildings, the City of Phoenix design standards typically assume a population density of 1.1 persons per 1,000 square feet when using Harmon's formula to estimate wastewater flows. This value reflects the lower occupancy typically associated with industrial facilities compared to commercial or residential buildings.

According to the calculations provided in Appendix B the proposed site will have an estimated Average Daily Flow total of 13.9 gpm and a Peak Hour Flow of 51.9 gpm. Each building will have its own service with the highest building sewer demand of 18.4 gpm. The final plumbing design for the buildings is not complete at this time. Therefore, the proposed sewer service is calculated based on the minimum 1.20% for a 6" sewer service for each building.

The capacity of the proposed 6" sewer service line at the minimum slope is 209 gpm on a max d/D ratio of 0.65. Which is greater than the Peak Hour Flow of 51.9 gpm for the largest building. Therefore, the max individual building flow will be less than the service capacity flows.

The peak hour flow of 51.9 gpm for this development is well below the flow tested available capacity of 855 gpm in the 15" main in Bell Road and also below the available capacity of 173 gpm in the 8" main in Perimeter Drive.

The sanitary sewer pipe and fitting material for this project has been designated as PVC SDR-35. Trenching and bedding details for this project are to be per MAG Standard Specifications Section 601. Trench width above the installed pipe may be as wide as necessary to properly brace/install the work. Bedding backfill and compaction shall be installed per MAG Standard Specification 601.4. Service lines should connect to sewer according to MAG Standard Detail No. 440-3.

4.0 CONCLUSIONS

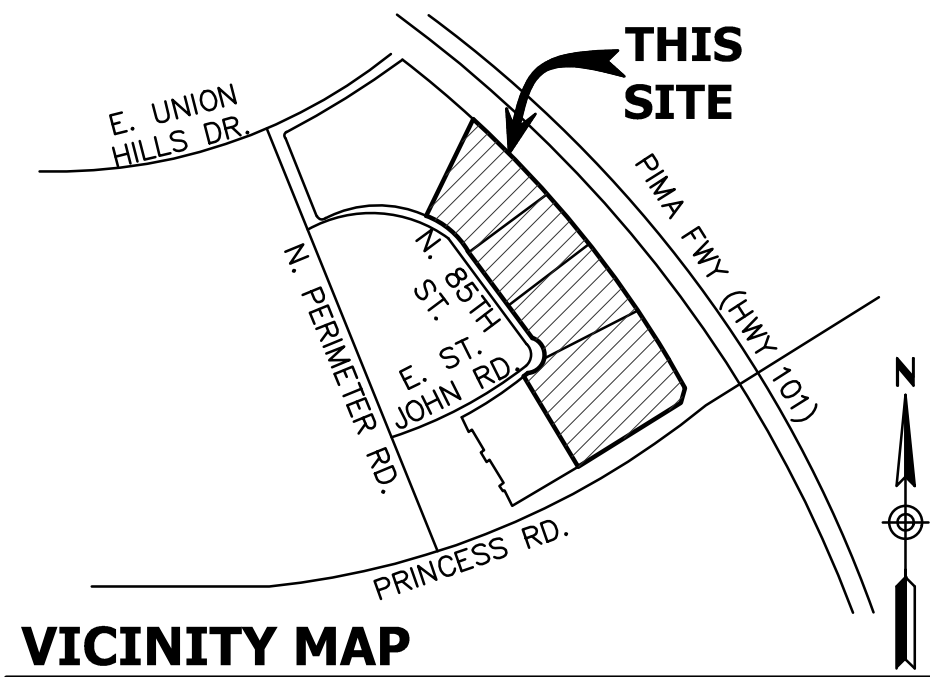
Based on the results of this study, it can be concluded that:

- The proposed sewer services are adequate to support this development.
- The tested downstream public sewer system is adequate to support this development.

5.0 REFERENCES

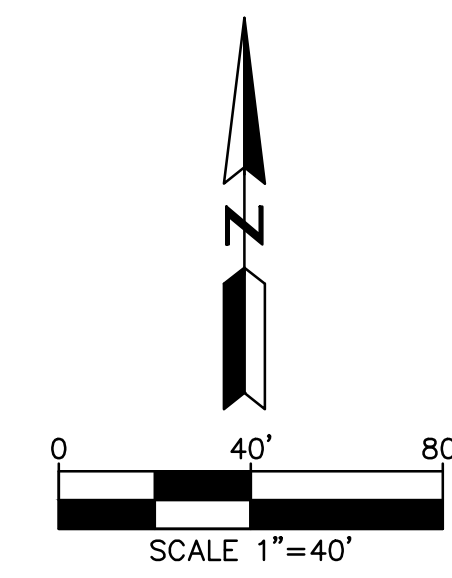
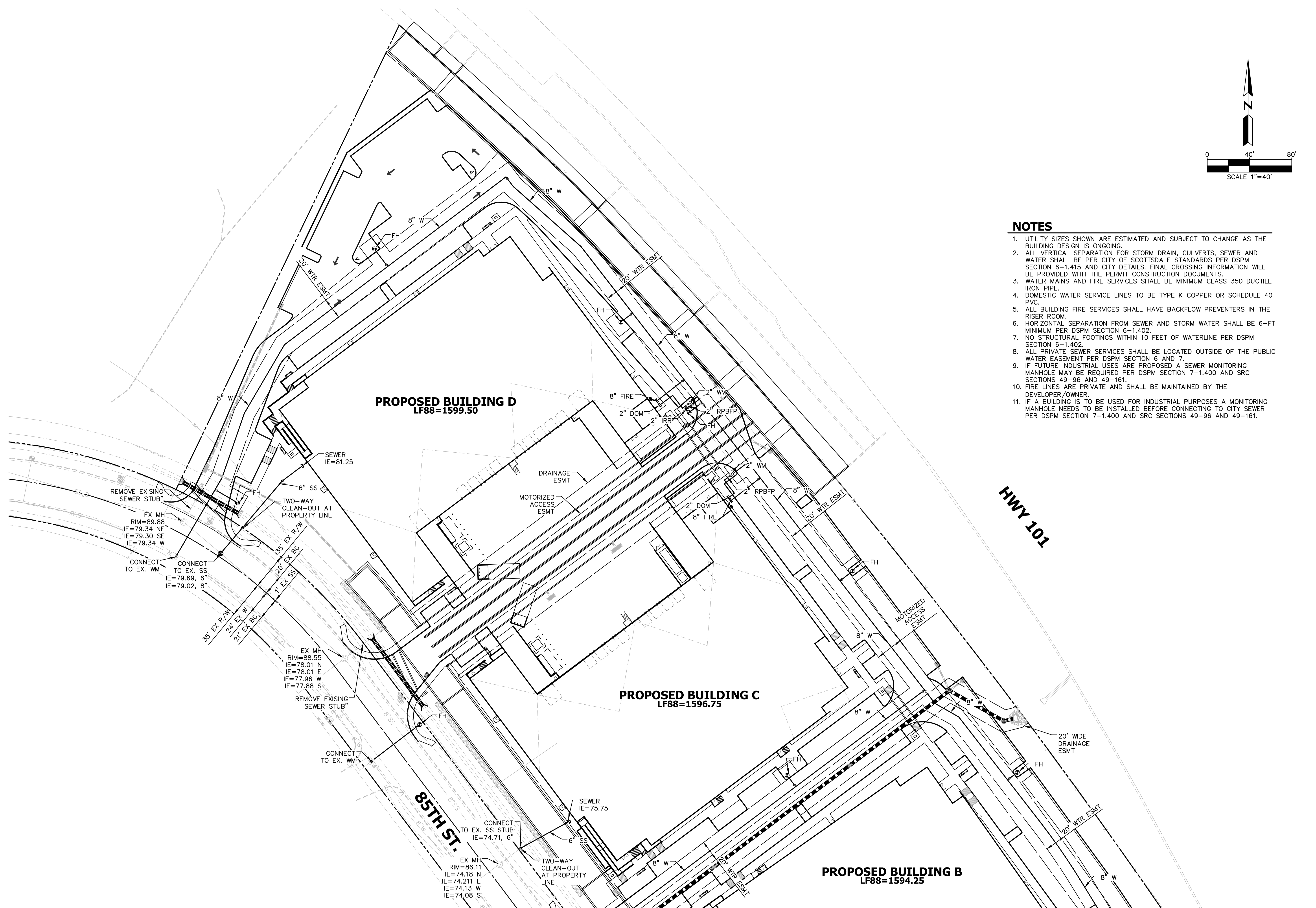
- 1) City of Scottsdale Design Standard & Policies Manual, January 2018 (Ref 1).

APPENDIX A
FIGURES



VICINITY MAP

**VICINITY MAP
FIGURE 1**



NOTES

1. UTILITY SIZES SHOWN ARE ESTIMATED AND SUBJECT TO CHANGE AS THE BUILDING DESIGN IS ONGOING.
2. ALL VERTICAL SEPARATION FOR STORM DRAIN, CULVERTS, SEWER AND WATER SHALL BE PER CITY OF SCOTTSDALE STANDARDS PER DSPM SECTION 6-1.415 AND CITY DETAILS. FINAL CROSSING INFORMATION WILL BE PROVIDED WITH THE PERMIT CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS.
3. WATER MAINS AND FIRE SERVICES SHALL BE MINIMUM CLASS 350 DUCTILE IRON PIPE.
4. DOMESTIC WATER SERVICE LINES TO BE TYPE K COPPER OR SCHEDULE 40 PVC.
5. ALL BUILDING FIRE SERVICES SHALL HAVE BACKFLOW PREVENTERS IN THE RISER ROOM.
6. HORIZONTAL SEPARATION FROM SEWER AND STORM WATER SHALL BE 6-FT MINIMUM PER DSPM SECTION 6-1.402.
7. NO STRUCTURAL FOOTINGS WITHIN 10' FEET OF WATERLINE PER DSPM SECTION 6-1.402.
8. ALL PRIVATE SEWER SERVICES SHALL BE LOCATED OUTSIDE OF THE PUBLIC WATER EASEMENT PER DSPM SECTION 6 AND 7.
9. IF FUTURE INDUSTRIAL USES ARE PROPOSED A SEWER MONITORING MANHOLE MAY BE REQUIRED PER DSPM SECTION 7-1.400 AND SRC SECTIONS 49-96 AND 49-161.
10. FIRE LINES ARE PRIVATE AND SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY THE DEVELOPER/OWNER.
11. IF A BUILDING IS TO BE USED FOR INDUSTRIAL PURPOSES A MONITORING MANHOLE NEEDS TO BE INSTALLED BEFORE CONNECTING TO CITY SEWER PER DSPM SECTION 7-1.400 AND SRC SECTIONS 49-96 AND 49-161.

| NO. | DATE | REVISION | BY |
|-----|------|----------|----|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

DESIGN BY: LT
 DRAWN BY: DC
 CHECKED BY: LT

HUNTER
 ENGINEERING
 CIVIL AND SURVEY
 10446 NORTH 74TH STREET
 SUITE 140
 SCOTTSDALE, AZ 85258
 P 480 991 3985



**CONCEPTUAL UTILITY PLAN
 FOR
 THE LOOP PERIMETER CENTER
 101 AND PRINCESS
 SCOTTSDALE ARIZONA**



THESE PLANS ARE NOT APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION WITHOUT AN APPROVED SIGNATURE FROM THE GOVERNING MUNICIPALITY.

PROJECT NAME:
 THE LOOP PERIMETER CENTER

HE NO.: LGEC319
 SCALE: 1"=40'

SHEET:
C4

MATCH LINE SEE SHEET C5

MATCH LINE SEE SHEET C4

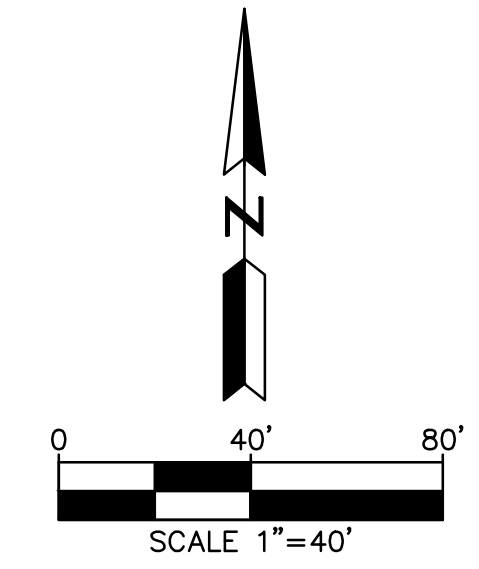
PROPOSED BUILDING B
LF88=1594.25

PROPOSED BUILDING A
LF88=1590.50

ST. JOHN RD.

HWY 101

PRINCESS DR.



| NO. | DATE | REVISION | BY |
|-----|------|----------|----|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

PURPOSE:
3RD DRB SUBMITTAL

DESIGN BY: LT
DRAWN BY: LC
CHECKED BY: LT

HUNTER
ENGINEERING
10446 NORTH 74TH STREET
SUITE 140
SCOTTSDALE, AZ 85288
P 480 991 3985

CIVIL AND SURVEY



CONCEPTUAL UTILITY PLAN
FOR
THE LOOP PERIMETER CENTER
101 AND PRINCESS
SCOTTSDALE ARIZONA



THESE PLANS ARE NOT APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION WITHOUT AN APPROVED SIGNATURE FROM THE GOVERNING MUNICIPALITY.

PROJECT NAME:
THE LOOP PERIMETER CENTER

HE NO.: LGEC319
SCALE: 1"=40'

SHEET:
C5

NOTES

1. UTILITY SIZES SHOWN ARE ESTIMATED AND SUBJECT TO CHANGE AS THE BUILDING DESIGN IS ONGOING.
2. ALL VERTICAL SEPARATION FOR STORM DRAIN, CULVERTS, SEWER AND WATER SHALL BE PER CITY OF SCOTTSDALE STANDARDS PER DSPM SECTION 6-1.415 AND CITY DETAILS. FINAL CROSSING INFORMATION WILL BE PROVIDED WITH THE PERMIT CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS.
3. WATER MAINS AND FIRE SERVICES SHALL BE MINIMUM CLASS 350 DUCTILE IRON PIPE.
4. DOMESTIC WATER SERVICE LINES TO BE TYPE K COPPER OR SCHEDULE 40 PVC.
5. ALL BUILDING FIRE SERVICES SHALL HAVE BACKFLOW PREVENTERS IN THE RISER ROOM.
6. HORIZONTAL SEPARATION FROM SEWER AND STORM WATER SHALL BE 6-FT MINIMUM PER DSPM SECTION 6-1.402.
7. NO STRUCTURAL FOOTINGS WITHIN 10 FEET OF WATERLINE PER DSPM SECTION 6-1.402.
8. ALL PRIVATE SEWER SERVICES SHALL BE LOCATED OUTSIDE OF THE PUBLIC WATER EASEMENT PER DSPM SECTION 6 AND 7.
9. IF FUTURE INDUSTRIAL USES ARE PROPOSED A SEWER MONITORING MANHOLE MAY BE REQUIRED PER DSPM SECTION 7-1.400 AND SRC SECTIONS 49-96 AND 49-161.
10. FIRE LINES ARE PRIVATE AND SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY THE DEVELOPER/OWNER.
11. IF A BUILDING IS TO BE USED FOR INDUSTRIAL PURPOSES A MONITORING MANHOLE NEEDS TO BE INSTALLED BEFORE CONNECTING TO CITY SEWER PER DSPM SECTION 7-1.400 AND SRC SECTIONS 49-96 AND 49-161.

APPENDIX B
SEWER CAPACITY WORK SHEET

Project: 101 & Princess Dr.
 Project No.: LGEC319
 City: Scottsdale
 Date: 11/12/2024

| | | |
|--------------|----------------|-----------|
| Building A | 101,772 | sf |
| Building B | 54,273 | sf |
| Building C | 55,503 | sf |
| Building D | 55,503 | sf |
| Total | 267,051 | sf |

Revise the peaking factor per 1.1 person per 1,000 sq. ft.

8.6 gpm

36.1 gpm

PROJECTED SANITARY SEWER LOADS

| Building Use | Building Area (sf) | Average Day Sewer Demand (gpd) | | Peaking Factor | Average Daily Flow (gpd) | Average Daily Flow (gpm) | Peak Flow (gpm) |
|---------------------------|--------------------|---|------------|----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| | | City of Phoenix Water Services Dept. Design Standards Manual Table 8. Water and Wastewater Design Flows | | | | | |
| Building A - Distribution | 96,362 | 50.0 | gpd/1000sf | 4.21 | 4,818 | 3.3 | 13.9 |
| Building B - Distribution | 50,083 | 50.0 | gpd/1000sf | 4.21 | 2,504 | 1.7 | 7.2 |
| Building C - Distribution | 50,379 | 50.0 | gpd/1000sf | 4.21 | 2,519 | 1.7 | 7.2 |
| Building D - Distribution | 50,379 | 50.0 | gpd/1000sf | 4.21 | 2,519 | 1.7 | 7.2 |
| Total Distribution | 247,203 | | | | 12,360 | 8.4 | 35.4 |

| Building Use | Building Area (sf) | Average Day Sewer Demand (gpd) | | Peaking Factor | Average Daily Flow (gpd) | Average Daily Flow (gpm) | Peak Flow (gpm) |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--|--------|----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| | | Per Table 7-1.2 Average Day Sewer Demand | | | | | |
| Building A - Office | 5,410 | 0.4 | gpd/sf | 3.00 | 2,164 | 1.5 | 4.5 |
| Building B - Office | 4,190 | 0.4 | gpd/sf | 3.00 | 1,676 | 1.2 | 3.6 |
| Building C - Office | 5,124 | 0.4 | gpd/sf | 3.00 | 2,050 | 1.4 | 4.2 |
| Building D - Office | 5,124 | 0.4 | gpd/sf | 3.00 | 2,050 | 1.4 | 4.2 |
| Total Office | 19,848 | | | | 7,939 | 5.5 | 16.5 |
| Total Building | 267,051 | | | | 20,299 | 13.9 | 51.9 |

Worksheet

Worksheet for Circular Channel

Project Description

| | |
|--------------|----------------|
| Worksheet | 6" Service |
| Flow Element | Circular Chann |
| Method | Manning's Forr |
| Solve For | Discharge |

Input Data

| | |
|------------------|--------------|
| Mannings Coeffic | 0.013 |
| Channel Slope | 012000 ft/ft |
| Depth | 0.33 ft |
| Diameter | 6.0 in |

Results

| | |
|----------------|---------------------|
| Discharge | 209 gpm |
| Flow Area | 0.1 ft ² |
| Wetted Perime | 0.94 ft |
| Top Width | 0.00 ft |
| Critical Depth | 0.35 ft |
| Percent Full | 65.0 % |
| Critical Slope | 0.009994 ft/ft |
| Velocity | 3.44 ft/s |
| Velocity Head | 0.18 ft |
| Specific Energ | 0.51 ft |
| Froude Numbe | 1.14 |
| Maximum Disc | 297 gpm |
| Discharge Full | 276 gpm |
| Slope Full | 0.006866 ft/ft |
| Flow Type | supercritical |

Worksheet

Worksheet for Circular Channel

Project Description

| | |
|--------------|----------------|
| Worksheet | MH2 - Exist 8" |
| Flow Element | Circular Chann |
| Method | Manning's Forr |
| Solve For | Discharge |

Input Data

| | |
|------------------|--------------|
| Mannings Coeffic | 0.013 |
| Channel Slope | 005200 ft/ft |
| Depth | 0.43 ft |
| Diameter | 8.0 in |

Results

| | |
|----------------|---------------------|
| Discharge | 295 gpm |
| Flow Area | 0.2 ft ² |
| Wetted Perime | 1.25 ft |
| Top Width | 0.00 ft |
| Critical Depth | 0.38 ft |
| Percent Full | 64.9 % |
| Critical Slope | 0.007570 ft/ft |
| Velocity | 2.74 ft/s |
| Velocity Head | 0.12 ft |
| Specific Energ | 0.55 ft |
| Froude Numbe | 0.79 |
| Maximum Disc | 421 gpm |
| Discharge Full | 391 gpm |
| Slope Full | 0.002969 ft/ft |
| Flow Type | Subcritical |

Worksheet

Worksheet for Circular Channel

Project Description

| | |
|--------------|----------------|
| Worksheet | MH1 - Exist 15 |
| Flow Element | Circular Chann |
| Method | Manning's Forr |
| Solve For | Discharge |

Input Data

| | |
|------------------|--------------|
| Mannings Coeffic | 0.013 |
| Channel Slope | 002250 ft/ft |
| Depth | 0.81 ft |
| Diameter | 15.0 in |

Results

| | |
|----------------|---------------------|
| Discharge | 1,040 gpm |
| Flow Area | 0.8 ft ² |
| Wetted Perime | 2.34 ft |
| Top Width | 0.00 ft |
| Critical Depth | 0.61 ft |
| Percent Full | 65.0 % |
| Critical Slope | 0.005640 ft/ft |
| Velocity | 2.74 ft/s |
| Velocity Head | 0.12 ft |
| Specific Energ | 0.93 ft |
| Froude Numbe | 0.58 |
| Maximum Disc | 1,479 gpm |
| Discharge Full | 1,375 gpm |
| Slope Full | 0.001287 ft/ft |
| Flow Type | Subcritical |

APPENDIX C
SEWER FLOW TEST RESULTS



SL1780 RDH Flow Study for LGE

Blake Wells

LGE Design Build

1200 N. 52nd St, Phoenix, AZ 85008

SL1780 RDH Flow Study, 2 sites total in Scottsdale, AZ from Thursday 10-31-24 to Monday 11-11-24.

Equipment for Site: Hach 901 Logger with Flo-Dar Sensor (Area Velocity).

The equipment was installed on Thursday, 10/31/24 with confined space entry, pipe size confirmed, sensor calibrated, and level depth confirmed to the flow level.

Duration of monitoring: 9 days

Monitor: Flow (gpm), Level (in), and Velocity (fps)

Data logging: 5-minute intervals (No averaged intervals)

Calibration Performed: Calibration method using 3.50-inch target.

Target Measure: 3.50 in Meter Read: 3.53 in 10/31/2024 10:25 am

Meter Validation: PASSED

MH1 located at E. Bell Rd. East of N. Hayden Rd.

72" Diameter, Rim to Invert: 144.00 inches

15" PVC pipe, flowing West

One 4" Lateral pipe with no flow.

The pipe condition is intact with a thin layer of scum on the walls.

Scum line of 4.00 inches

Flo-Dar installed pointing upstream in the 15" pipe channel.

Flow Data is valid having no missing, erroneous, or anomalies with data.

Attached is a MS Excel summary showing level, velocity, and flow logged at 5-minute intervals during the monitoring period.

RDH Environmental Services

Jeff Schulte

Operations Manager

servicemanager@rdh-env.com

SL1780 RDH Flow Study for LGE

Pictures:





SL1780 RDH Flow Study for LGE

Period Summaries:

| LGE COS MH1 Period Summary: Flow | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|------|-----------------------------|---------|
| Measures | Value | Unit | Date | Time |
| Max. | 184.97 | gpm | Tuesday, November 5, 2024 | 2:55 PM |
| Min. | 12.58 | gpm | Wednesday, November 6, 2024 | 3:25 AM |
| Avg. | 63.29 | gpm | | |
| Total | 977,807.00 | gal | | |

| LGE COS MH1 Period Summary: Level | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|------|-----------------------------|----------|
| Measures | Value | Unit | Date | Time |
| Max. | 4.06 | in | Thursday, October 31, 2024 | 11:00 AM |
| Min. | 1.51 | in | Wednesday, November 6, 2024 | 4:55 AM |
| Avg. | 2.48 | in | | |

| LGE COS MH1 Period Summary: Velocity | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|------|-----------------------------|---------|
| Measures | Value | Unit | Date | Time |
| Max. | 1.60 | fps | Tuesday, November 5, 2024 | 2:50 PM |
| Min. | 0.42 | fps | Wednesday, November 6, 2024 | 3:25 AM |
| Avg. | 0.97 | fps | | |

*Data begins at 10:30 am on October 31st and ends at 4:00 am on November 11th.



SL1780 RDH Flow Study for LGE

Site Map:



CONFINED SPACE ENTRY PERMIT

ALL COPIES OF PERMIT WILL REMAIN AT JOB SITE UNTIL JOB IS COMPLETED

LOCATION/DESCRIPTION OF CONFINED SPACE MH 1 AH 1780
 PURPOSE OF ENTRY Flam Study Installation
 EXPECTED HAZARDOUS COMMUNICATIONS Gases
Hand & Verbal
 ENTRY SUPERVISOR Jordan Astemborski

DATE 10/31/24
 TIME 9:45am
 EXPIRATION 12:00pm 10-31-24

| SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS BEFORE ENTRY: | YES | NO | | YES | NO |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Lockout De-energize - Test and Verify | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Escape Harness Required | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| Lines Broken - Capped or Blanked | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Tripod Emergency Escape Unit | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| Purge - Flush and Vent | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Lifelines | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Ventilation | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Fire Extinguishers | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Secure Area (Post and Flag) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | Lighting (Explosion proof) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| Breathing Apparatus | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Protective Clothing | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| Resucitator - Inhalator | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Respirator | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

TEST INTERVAL 15 Min

TEST(S) TO BE TAKEN / ACCEPTABLE ENTRY CONDITIONS
 DO NOT ENTER IF PERMISSIBLE ENTRY LEVELS
 ARE EXCEEDED

| | Permissible Entry Level | DATE | TESTER | TIME | AM/PM | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | 10/31 | 10/31 | 10/31 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| % of Oxygen | 19.5% to 23.5% | | JA | 4:55 | AM | 20.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ^ of L.F.L.* (Gas/Vapor/Mist) | Less than 10% | | JA | 10:10 | AM | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Carbon Monoxide | 35 ppm (8 hr.) | | JA | 10:25 | AM | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aromatic Hydrocarbon | 1 ppm (8 hr.) | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hydrogen Sulfide | 10 ppm (8 hr.) | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sulfur Dioxide | 2 ppm (8 hr.) | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ammonia | 25 ppm (8 hr.) | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

NAME OF GAS TESTER(S) _____

NOTE: Continuous/periodic tests shall be established before beginning the job.
 Any questions pertaining to test requirements should be directed to _____

| TESTING INSTRUMENTS USED | NAME | TYPE | IDENTIFICATION NUMBER |
|--------------------------|---------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Honeywell | BW Tech | GasAlertMax XT II | XT-XWHM-Y-NA MA215-026608 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

AUTHORIZED ENTRANTS
Zac Schulte

AUTHORIZED ATTENDANTS
Jordan Astemborski
Eric Gentile

PERMIT AUTHORIZATION

I certify that all actions and conditions necessary for safe entry have been performed

Jordan Astemborski

NAME (Print)
Signature

10/31/24
10:30am

DATE
TIME

IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY CALL 911

RDH Environmental Services (602) 381-1960



SL1780 RDH Flow Study for LGE

Blake Wells

LGE Design Build

1200 N. 52nd St, Phoenix, AZ 85008

SL1780 RDH Flow Study, 2 sites total in Scottsdale, AZ from Thursday 10-31-24 to Monday 11-11-24.

Equipment for Site: Hach 901 Logger with Flo-Dar Sensor (Area Velocity).

The equipment was installed on Thursday, 10/31/24 with confined space entry, pipe size confirmed, sensor calibrated, and level depth confirmed to the flow level.

Duration of monitoring: 9 days

Monitor: Flow (gpm), Level (in), and Velocity (fps)

Data logging: 5-minute intervals (No averaged intervals)

Calibration Performed: Calibration method using 1.25-inch target.

Target Measure: 1.25 in Meter Read: 1.31 in 10/31/2024 9:23 am

Meter Validation: PASSED

MH2 located at N. Perimeter Dr. North of E. Hartford Dr.

72" Diameter, Rim to Invert: 160.00 inches

8" PVC pipe, flowing South

One 8" Lateral pipe from the East with little to no flow.

The pipe condition is intact and reasonably clean.

Scum line of 3.00 inches

Flo-Dar installed pointing upstream in the 8" pipe channel.

Flow Data is valid having no missing, erroneous, or anomalies with data.

Attached is a MS Excel summary showing level, velocity, and flow logged at 5-minute intervals during the monitoring period.

RDH Environmental Services

Jeff Schulte

Operations Manager

servicemanager@rdh-env.com

SL1780 RDH Flow Study for LGE

Pictures:





SL1780 RDH Flow Study for LGE

Period Summaries:

| LGE COS MH2 Period Summary: Flow | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|------|----------------------------|----------|
| Measures | Value | Unit | Date | Time |
| Max. | 121.60 | gpm | Friday, November 8, 2024 | 8:50 AM |
| Min. | 9.79 | gpm | Thursday, November 7, 2024 | 12:50 AM |
| Avg. | 35.72 | gpm | | |
| Total | 554,519.20 | gal | | |

| LGE COS MH2 Period Summary: Level | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|------|----------------------------|----------|
| Measures | Value | Unit | Date | Time |
| Max. | 2.29 | in | Friday, November 8, 2024 | 8:35 AM |
| Min. | 0.70 | in | Thursday, November 7, 2024 | 12:50 AM |
| Avg. | 1.20 | in | | |

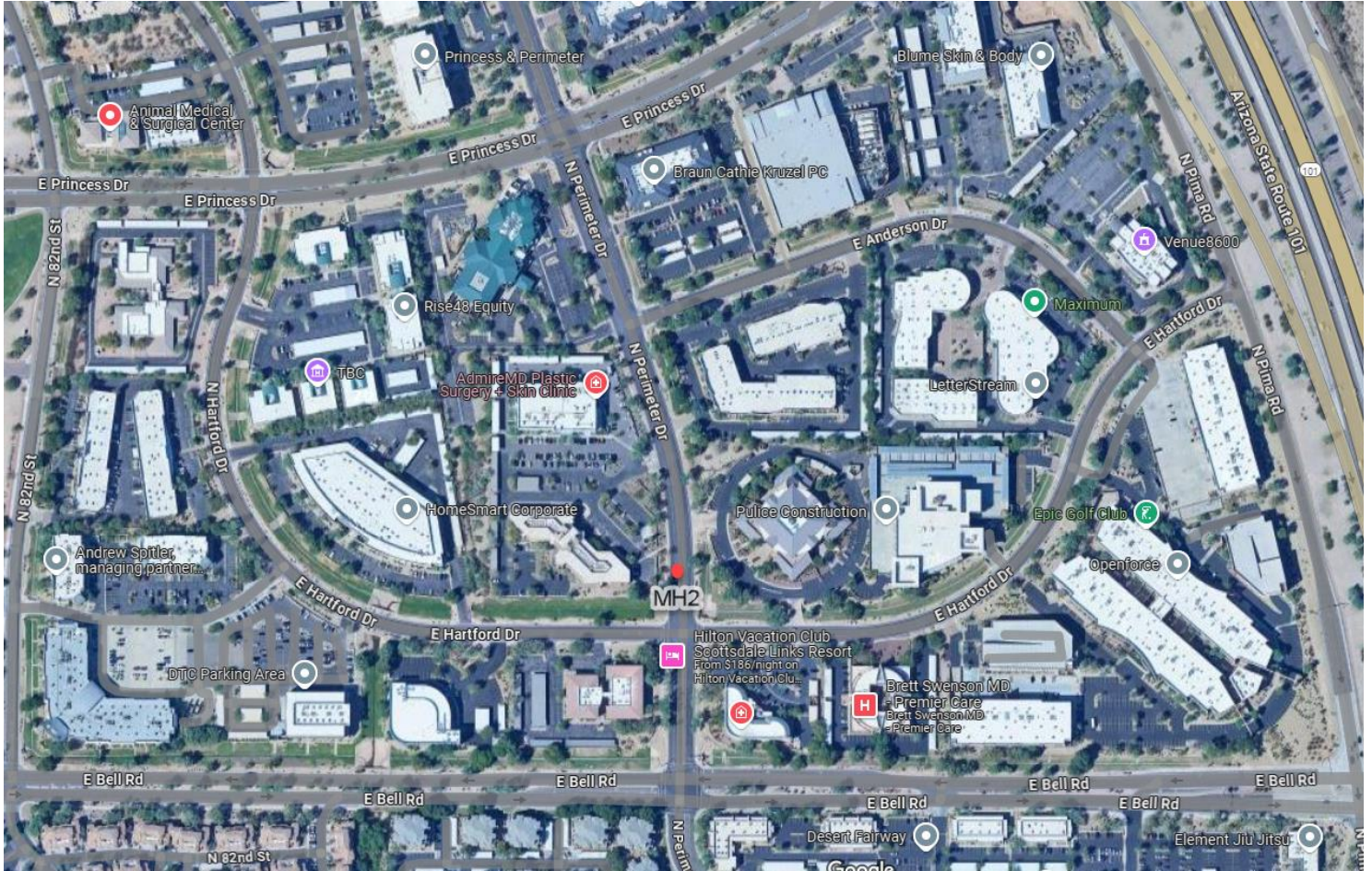
| LGE COS MH2 Period Summary: Velocity | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|------|----------------------------|----------|
| Measures | Value | Unit | Date | Time |
| Max. | 3.31 | fps | Thursday, October 31, 2024 | 10:35 AM |
| Min. | 0.56 | fps | Thursday, October 31, 2024 | 9:20 AM |
| Avg. | 2.22 | fps | | |

*Data begins at 9:15 am on October 31st and ends at 4:00 am on November 11th.



SL1780 RDH Flow Study for LGE

Site Map:



CONFINED SPACE ENTRY PERMIT

ALL COPIES OF PERMIT WILL REMAIN AT JOB SITE UNTIL JOB IS COMPLETED

LOCATION/DESCRIPTION OF CONFINED SPACE SL1780 MH2

PURPOSE OF ENTRY Flow study: install

EXPECTED HAZARDOUS COMMUNICATIONS Gases
Hand & Verbal

ENTRY SUPERVISOR Jordan Astemborski

DATE 10/31/24

TIME 9:00am

EXPIRATION 10/31/24 - 12:00 pm

| SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS BEFORE ENTRY: | | YES | NO | YES | NO |
|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Lockout De-energize - Test and Verify | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Escape Harness Required | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Lines Broken - Capped or Blanked | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Tripod Emergency Escape Unit | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Purge - Flush and Vent | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Lifelines | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Ventilation | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Fire Extinguishers | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Secure Area (Post and Flag) | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | Lighting (Explosion proof) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Breathing Apparatus | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Protective Clothing | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Resuscitator - Inhalator | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Respirator | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

TEST INTERVAL 15 Min

TEST(S) TO BE TAKEN / ACCEPTABLE ENTRY CONDITIONS
DO NOT ENTER IF PERMISSIBLE ENTRY LEVELS
ARE EXCEEDED

| | Permissible Entry Level | DATE | TESTER | TIME | AM/PM | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|--------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | 10/31 | 10/31 | 10/31 | | | | | | | | |
| % of Oxygen | 19.5% to 23.5% | 10/31 | SA | 9:05 | AM | 20.9 | 20.9 | 20.9 | | | | | | | | |
| ^ of L.F.L.* (Gas/Vapor/Mist) | Less than 10% | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| Carbon Monoxide | 35 ppm (8 hr.) | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| Aromatic Hydrocarbon | 1 ppm (8 hr.) | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| Hydrogen Sulfide | 10 ppm (8 hr.) | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| Sulfur Dioxide | 2 ppm (8 hr.) | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| Ammonia | 25 ppm (8 hr.) | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | | | |

NAME OF GAS TESTER(S) _____

NOTE: Continuous/periodic tests shall be established before beginning the job.
Any questions pertaining to test requirements should be directed to _____

| TESTING INSTRUMENTS USED | NAME | TYPE | IDENTIFICATION NUMBER |
|--------------------------|---------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Honeywell | BW Tech | GasAlertMax XT II | XT-XWHM-Y-NA MA215-026608 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

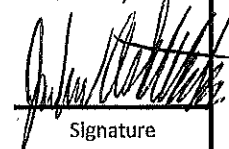
AUTHORIZED ENTRANTS
Zac Schalte

AUTHORIZED ATTENDANTS
Jordan Astemborski
Eric Gentile

PERMIT AUTHORIZATION

I certify that all actions and conditions necessary for safe entry have been performed

Jordan Astemborski
NAME (Print)


Signature

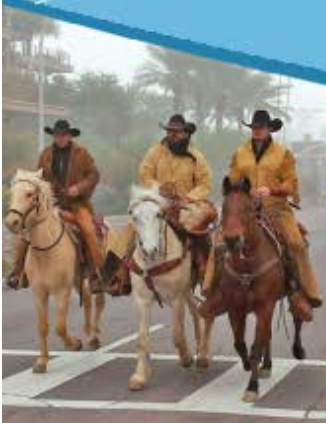
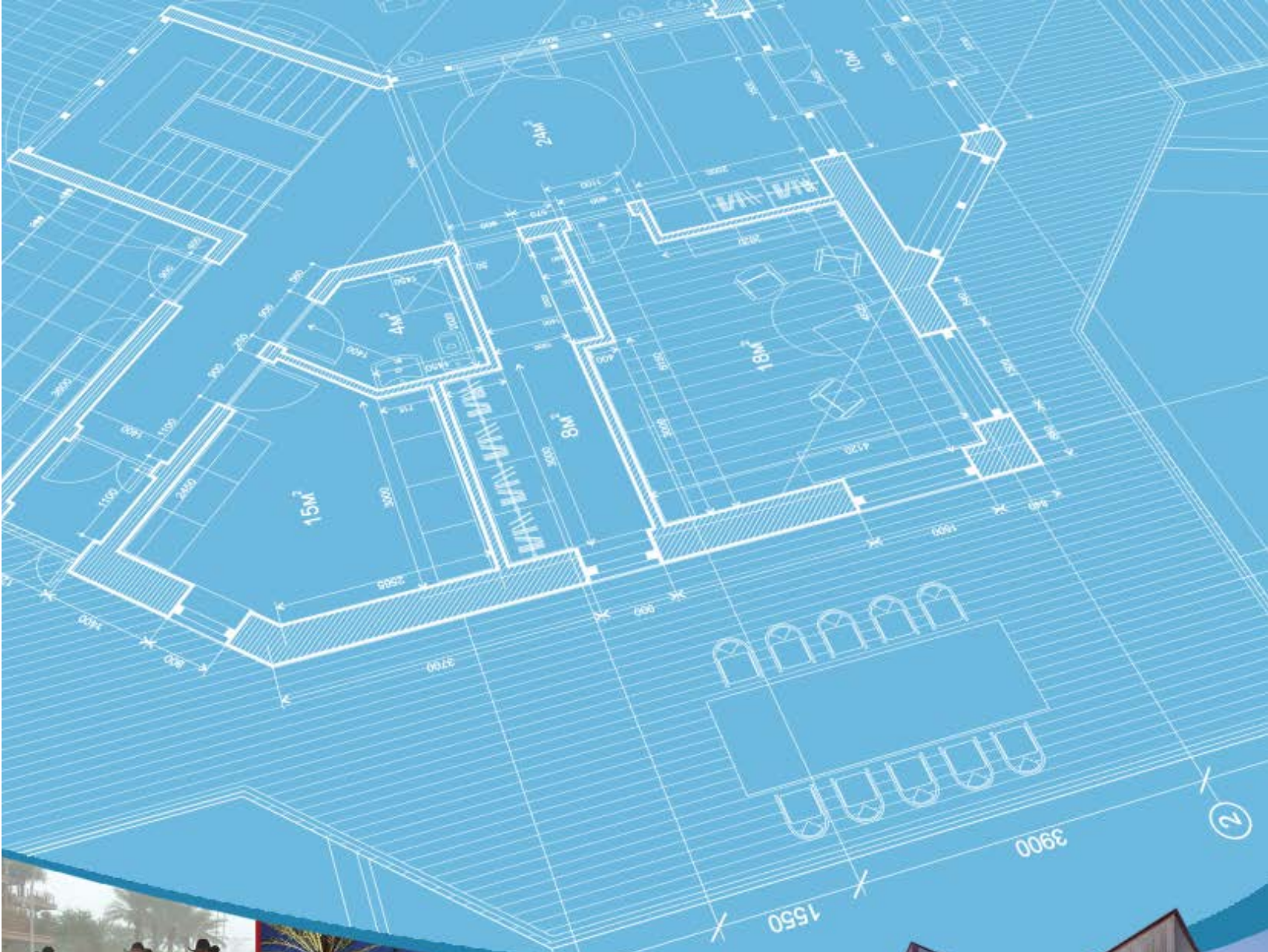
10/31/24
DATE

9:40 am
TIME

IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY CALL 911

RDH Environmental Services (602) 381-1960

APPENDIX D
REFERENCES




CITY OF
SCOTTSDALE

DESIGN STANDARDS & POLICIES MANUAL

| LAND USE | DEMAND (gpd) | DESIGN PEAKING FACTOR |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------|
| <i>Commercial/Retail</i> | 0.5 per sq. ft. | 3 |
| <i>Office</i> | 0.4 per sq. ft. | 3 |
| <i>Restaurant</i> | 1.2 per sq. ft. | 6 |
| <i>High Density Condominium (Condo)</i> | 140 per unit | 4.5 |
| <i>Resort Hotel (includes site amenities)</i> | 380 per room. | 4.5 |
| <i>School: without cafeteria</i> | 30 per student | 6 |
| <i>School: with cafeteria</i> | 50 per student | 6 |
| <i>Cultural</i> | 0.1 per sq. ft. | 3 |
| <i>Clubhouse for Subdivision</i> | 100 per patron x 2 | 4.5 |
| <i>Golf Course</i> | patrons per du per day | |
| <i>Fitness Center/ Spa/ Health club</i> | 0.8 per sq. ft. | 3.5 |

FIGURE 7-1.2 AVERAGE DAY SEWER DEMAND IN GALLONS PER DAY & PEAKING FACTORS BY LAND USE

HYDRAULIC DESIGN

7-1.404

No public SS lines will be less than 8 inches in diameter unless permission is received in writing from the Water Resources Department.

SS lines shall be designed and constructed to give mean full flow velocities equal to or greater than 2.5 fps, based upon Manning’s Formula, using an “n” value of 0.013.

To prevent abrasion and erosion of the pipe material, the maximum velocity will be limited to 10 fps at estimated peak flow. Where velocities exceed this maximum figure, submit a hydraulic analysis along with construction recommendations to the Water Resources Department for consideration. In no case will velocities greater than 15 fps be allowed.

Actual velocities shall be analyzed for minimum, average day and peak day design flow conditions for each reach of pipe.

The SS system shall be designed to achieve uniform flow velocities through consistent slopes. Abrupt changes in slope shall be evaluated for hydraulic jump.

The depth to diameter ratio (d/D) for gravity SS pipes 12 inches in diameter and less shall not exceed 0.65 in the ultimate peak flow condition. This d/D ratio includes an allowance for system infiltration and inflow.

The d/D for gravity drains greater than 12 inches diameter shall not exceed 0.70 for the ultimate peak flow condition. This d/D includes an allowance for system infiltration and inflow.

Measures to mitigate hydrogen sulfide shall be analyzed at manhole drops, abrupt changes in pipe slope or direction and at changes in pipe diameter.

MANHOLES AND CLEAN OUTS

7-1.405

Manholes in city streets shall be located near the center of the inside traffic lane, rather than on or near the line separating traffic lanes. Manholes shall not be in bike trails, equestrian trails, sidewalks, crosswalks or wash crossings. Manholes are required at all



**City of Phoenix
Water Services Department**

**DESIGN STANDARDS MANUAL FOR
WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEMS**

2021

**Water Services Department
200 West Washington Street
Phoenix, Arizona 85003-1697
Phone: (602) 495-5601
Fax: (602) 495-5461**

in Chapter IV, Section C), are not always adequate to meet water demands. For some projects, a detailed analysis of domestic and fire flow demands may be required to properly define requirements for system design.

1. Water and Sewer Design Flows

The following **Table 8, Water and Wastewater Design Flows** shall be used to calculate both water and sewer design flows utilized in the preparation of engineering design reports, plans, and specifications.

Table 8. Water and Wastewater Design Flows.

| Land Use | Unit | Water Average Daily Flow/Unit (gal) | Wastewater Average Daily flow/Unit (gal) |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Single Family Residential | Dwelling | 360 | 240 |
| Multi-family | Dwelling | 240 | 180 |
| Commercial (retail/mall) | 1000 ft ² | 125 | 75 |
| Commercial (office) | 1000 ft ² | 115 | 90 |
| Warehousing/Big Box Retail | 1000 ft ² | 30 | 25 |
| Industrial | 1000 ft ² | 65 | 50 |
| Schools | Student | 25 | 20 |
| Hotel (no restaurant) | Room | 140 | 100 |
| Hotel (with restaurant) | Room | 200 | 150 |
| Resort | Room | 300 | 210 |
| Hospital (all flows) | Bed | 500 | 300 |
| Landscape Water Requirements | | | |
| General Landscaping | Acre | 4,374 | N/A |
| Public Right of Way or Streetscape | Acre | 1,339 | N/A |
| Surface Water | Acre | 5,335 | N/A |

NOTES: The following italicized notes are for Table 8, Water and Wastewater Design Flows

Complete design flows are not provided for ***industrial and hospital facilities*** because case-by-case evaluation is necessary due to varying water demands observed for these use types. Some industrial uses such as data warehouses, food processing, bottling plants, and semi-conductor manufacturing can use more than ten times as much water as compared to warehousing or dry assembly manufacturing with no cooling tower use. Water use in hospitals varies greatly depending upon cooling tower and boiler use, the extent to which the hospital is used as a research and teaching facility, the amount of out-patient versus in-patient services provided, and the types of equipment used. Estimates of anticipated water use and wastewater generation must be produced for each new development or major expansion using projections of demands taking into account the following types of categories:

- ***Water for cooling towers:*** Cooling towers use can make up more than fifty percent of water demand at industrial facilities having large refrigeration units or cooling of servers. In most cases, cooling towers use twenty to forty percent of the water requirements for industrial operations and hospitals.
- ***Water used as an input for production:*** In some manufacturing operations, water is used as an input in the manufacturing process and must be included in demand projections because of the large volumes used. Examples include ice-making, soft-drink or water bottling operations, and food manufacturing such as industrial bakeries.
- ***Water used in production/activities:*** In many manufacturing operations water is used for cooling, cleaning, or other operational activities and must be included in demand projections. Examples include metal forming and finishing, semi-conductor wafer production, and aerospace parts manufacturing. Processes employing newer technologies tend to use less water than older technologies, but estimates must be made on a location and process-specific basis. Some medical facilities are now using the newer medical imaging techniques and sterilization processes that use little or no water, while some medical equipment still requires significant amounts of water.
- ***Bed to space ratios and mix of services:*** Bed to space ratios and services provided in hospitals can vary greatly. These variations depend upon the proportion of space necessary to provide 24/7 nursing care, full linen service, and full food service

to patients staying overnight. Furthermore, some hospitals are highly specialized and focus on particular types of treatment and/or research while others provide general and emergency services only. Water use on a per-square-foot or per-bed-basis can even vary significantly between different parts of hospitals, so large expansions will require an individual analysis.

2. Water Peak Flow

Peak Flow shall be calculated as 1.7 times the average daily flow.

NOTE: For clarification, the following example characterizes the calculations performed to determine the design flows and quantities involved in a hypothetical facility.

EXAMPLE: Hypothetical water demand/flow evaluation (not including fire flows).

ASSUME: A 1000 dwelling unit multi-family development.

CRITERIA: From **Table 8, Water and Wastewater Design Flows.**

Average daily flow = 240 gallons per unit per day (gpupd)

Average total daily flow = 1,000 x 240 = 240,000 gallons per day (GPD)

Peak daily flow = 240,000 GPD x 1.7 (peaking factor)

Peak daily flow = 408,000 GPD

3. Sewer Peak Flow

All gravity sewer mains shall be designed for peak flow conditions. Peak flow is calculated as the product of the peaking factor and the average daily flow. The peaking factor should be calculated from Harmon's formula.

Design Flow = Peak Flow = Q Peak = Q avg [1+14/ (4+ P^{1/2})], Where P = Population/1,000

F. WATER AND SEWER MAIN ABANDONMENT METHODS

There are three approved methods of abandoning water and sewer mains in public ROW and easements:

- a. Total removal of pipe.
- b. Crush pipe in place by mechanical means. This cannot be applied to asbestos cement pipe.
- c. Leave pipe in place and fill with low strength grout.

No other methods are acceptable.

G. WATER AND SEWER STUBS OR TAPS AHEAD OF PAVING

City of Phoenix does not allow new stubs or taps ahead of paving unless the property owner can provide a conceptual design report and a site plan demonstrating the appropriate sizing and location of the mains or stubs. This applies to connections such as water/sewer stubs, water/sewer mains and service taps for fire lines and/or domestic use. The request for taps ahead of paving shall be submitted by the developer through a Water and Sewer Technical Appeal.

If the City approves the request for taps ahead of paving, and the size or location changes after the installation due to design changes, or for any other reason, it shall be the property owner's responsibility to abandon any unused infrastructure at the property owner's expense.

H. CROSS CONNECTIONS AND BACKFLOW PREVENTION

1. Cross Connection