

Preliminary Drainage Report

Storage at Shea

SEC 116<sup>th</sup> Street & Shea Boulevard

Scottsdale, Arizona

COS

Case No. 50-DR-2017

Plan Check No. : 9-ZN-2017

Plan # 50-DR-2017

Case # 50-DR-2017

Q-S # \_\_\_\_\_

Accepted

Corrections

DG

Reviewed By

3/15/18  
Date

Prepared for:

George H. Bell

Land Research and Development, Inc.

18061 N. 99<sup>th</sup> St.

Scottsdale, Arizona 85255

For submittal to:

City of Scottsdale

*[Handwritten signature over a circular Erie & Associates, Inc. stamp]*  
FBI - Phoenix  
15 Feb 2018  
BEP 9/20/20

Prepared by:

Erie & Associates, Inc.

3120 North 24th Street

Phoenix, Arizona 85016

50-DR-2017

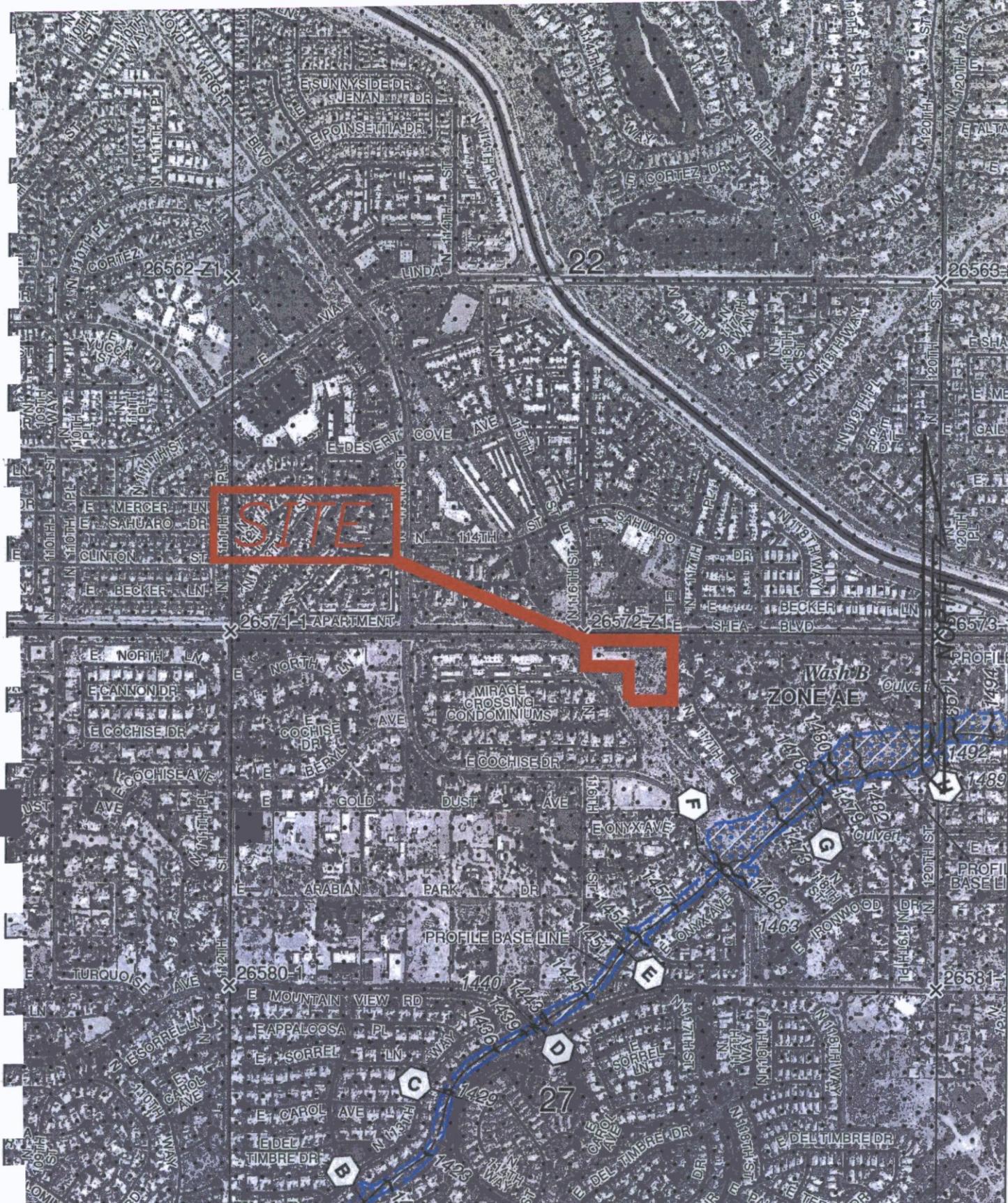
02/28/18

EA #2259.01



August 9, 2017  
Revised: February 13, 2018

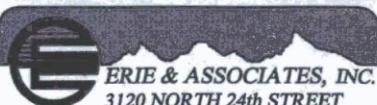
Erie & Associates, Inc.



JOB NO. 2259.01

DATE: 6/19/2017

SCALE: 1"=2000'



ERIE & ASSOCIATES, INC.  
3120 NORTH 24th STREET  
PHOENIX, ARIZONA 85016  
(602) 954-6300

STORAGE AT SHEA

PLATE 2 - FEMA MAP

### 3.3 Drainage Concepts

- Detention basins will be provided for the 100-year, 2-hour onsite runoff volume from the developed portions of the site.
- Detention basins drain within 36 hours.
- Offsite flow will be collected in a constructed perimeter channel and routed around the east side of the development. For post-development conditions the flows will leave the site in the pre-development location. *Plate 5 – Master Drainage Plan*.
- Peak flows leaving the site during post-development conditions will not exceed predevelopment flows.

## 4.0 Hydrology

A hydrologic analysis was completed to determine the flows entering the site, for pre-development conditions. The peak flows for the 100-year storm event were calculated using the Rational Method for offsite subareas and HEC-1 for onsite subareas. See *Appendix A* for hydrologic data and calculations. The methodology used to calculate the peak flows is consistent with requirements outlined in the City of Scottsdale's Design Standards and Policies Manual.

100-Year Flow Budget		Retention	Developed Peak Flow	Existing Peak Flow
Existing Tributary	Detention			

### 4.1 Existing Hydrology

The offsite tributary area was delineated using City of Scottsdale topo and field reconnaissance. The remainder of the offsite and onsite tributary was determined using a one foot contour interval topo and point elevations survey completed as part of this project and field reconnaissance. See *Plate 4 – Existing Tributary Map* for the existing tributary areas. See *Appendix A* for the hydrologic worksheets and calculations. Rivers leaving the site via the north and south drainage meander through the site.

### 4.2 Developed Hydrology

The onsite area was divided into two sub-areas for developed conditions. See *Plate 5 – Master Drainage Plan* for the developed tributary areas. The north portion of the site drains to detention basin DB-2 and the south portion drains to detention basin DB-2.

The sub-area parameters are summarized in *Table 1* and *Table 2*.

**Table 1 – Offsite Sub-Area Parameters**

Sub-Area	Area (acres)	i (in/hr)	C	Tc (min)
SA-1	0.65	7.8	0.7	5
SA-2	0.89	7.8	0.7	5
SA-3	1.17	7.8	0.7	5

**Table 2 – Onsite Sub-Area Parameters**

Sub-Area	Area (acres)	Length (mi)	Tc (hr)
SA-4 (existing)	1.8	0.086	0.198
SA-4N (developed)	0.7	0.060	0.102
SA-4S (developed)	1.4	0.105	0.155

## **7.0 References**

“Drainage Design Manual for Maricopa County, Arizona”, prepared by Flood Control District of Maricopa County, dated 2009.

“Design Standards and Policies Manual”, prepared by City of Scottsdale, dated January 2010.

***Appendix A – Calculation Worksheets***

SA-1 (RATIONAL) ExistingRevised  
Aug 8, 2017  
by L.B.

$$Q = C \cdot i \cdot A$$

$$A = 0.65 \text{ ac}$$

$$Q = 0.7(7.8)(0.65)$$

$$i = 7.8 \text{ in/hr}$$

$$Q = 4 \text{ cfs}$$

$$C = 0.5(0.95) + 0.5(0.45)$$

$$C = 0.7$$

SA-2 Existing

$$Q = 0.7(7.8)(0.89)$$

$$A = 0.89 \text{ ac}$$

$$Q = 5 \text{ cfs}$$

$$i = 7.8 \text{ in/hr}$$

$$C = 0.7$$

$$\text{SA-3 Existing } A_{SA_3} = 1.17 \text{ ac} + SA_2 = 1.17 + 0.89$$

$$= 2.06 \text{ ac } T_c = 5 \text{ min}$$

$$i = 7.8 \text{ in/hr}$$

$$C = 0.7$$

$$Q = (0.7)(7.8)(2.06) \approx 11. cfs$$

SA-4 Existing

$$A = 220(320) = 1.92 \text{ ac}$$

$$T_c = 5 \text{ min } i = 7.8 \text{ in/hr}$$

$$C = 0.45 \text{ undev. Desert}$$

$$Q = (0.45)(7.8)(1.92) = 6.95 \text{ cfs}$$

say 7. cfs

## SA<sub>4</sub> Developed

$$A = 270(320) = 1.98 \text{ ac}$$
$$T_C = 5 \text{ min}, l_{100} = 7.8 \text{ in/hr}$$

## Composite

$$A_{\text{soil}} = 1.31 \text{ ac} \quad C = 0.95$$

$$A_{\text{open}} = 1.98 - 1.31 = 0.67 \quad C = 0.45$$

$$C_{\text{ave}} = \frac{1.31(0.95) + 0.67(0.45)}{1.98}$$

$$C = 0.78$$

$$\therefore Q = (0.78)(7.8)(1.98) = 12.45$$

1 N to  
1000 ft

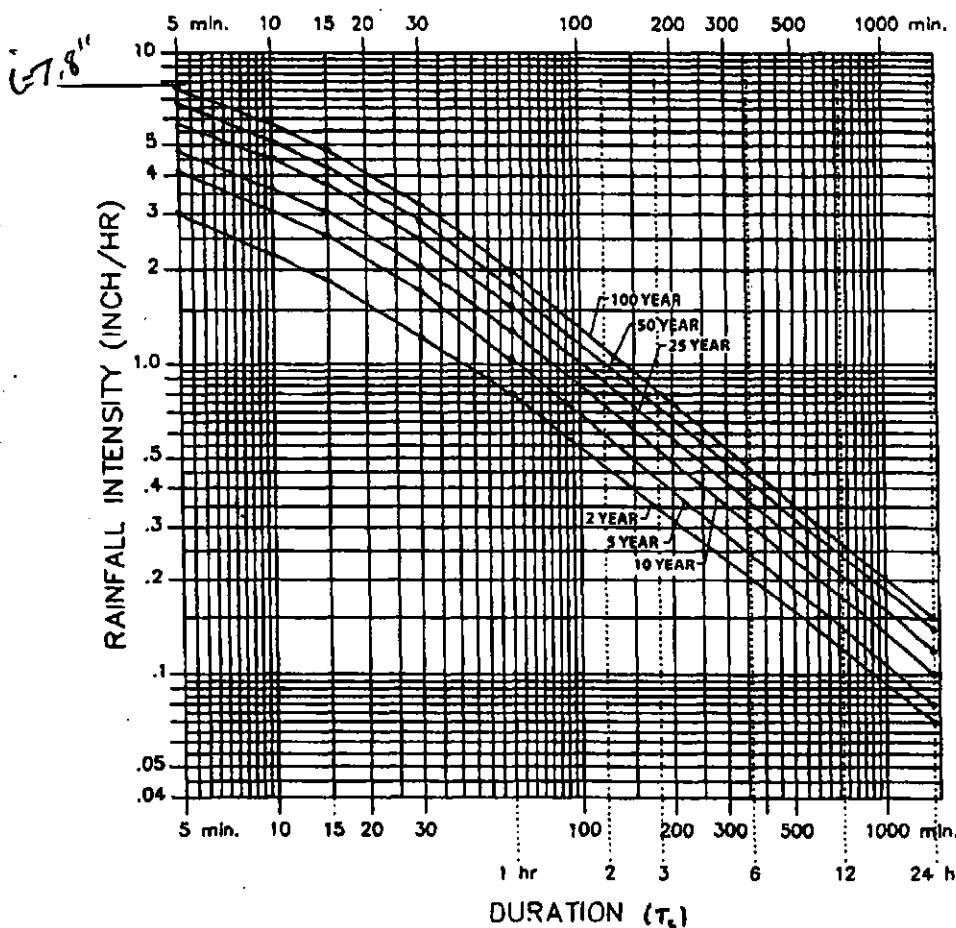
given flood event. For infrastructure design, the estimate of the actual split based on a hydraulic analysis of the current channel cross sections must include a minimum safety factor of 30 percent of the total flow. If the designer feels that there are extenuating factors affecting the stability of the split, the safety factor should be increased accordingly. The report should include a description of all assumptions made regarding watershed conditions used to calculate the peak flow rates.

### C. The Rational Method

The Rational Method is limited to use on small, uniform, regularly shaped watersheds less than or equal to 160 acres in size. The methodology is provided in the Drainage Design Manual for Maricopa County, Hydrology.

#### 1. Precipitation

Precipitation input is rainfall intensity, "I," and can be obtained directly from NOAA 14 at [http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/sa\\_az\\_pfds.html](http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/sa_az_pfds.html) or from Figure 4.1-3. The time of concentration, "Tc," is all that is required to determine "I" from this figure.(source: NOAA 14)



RAINFALL INTENSITY-DURATION-FREQUENCY RELATION  
FOR MARICOPA COUNTY, ARIZONA

FIGURE 4.1-3 RAINFALL INTENSITY (I) VALUES FOR USE IN RATIONAL METHOD

# 100-2. VOLUME CALCULATION (EAST PARCEL)

$$V_r = \frac{P}{12} AC$$

$$A_T = 3.28 \text{ ac}$$

$$A_{\text{STRA}} = 0.32 \text{ ac} \quad c = 0.95$$

$$A_{\text{ARE + BLDG}} = 1.31 \text{ ac} \quad c = 0.95$$

$$A_{\text{NOOR}} = \underline{1.65 \text{ ac}} \quad c = 0.45$$

$$\Sigma = 3.28 \text{ ac}$$

$$C = \frac{1.63(0.95) + 1.65(0.45)}{3.28}$$

$$C = 0.70$$

$$V_r = \frac{2.3}{12} (3.28)(0.70) = \underline{0.44 \text{ ac-ft}}$$

## 2. Time of Concentration

Time of concentration "Tc" is the total time of travel from the most hydraulically remote part of the watershed to the concentration point of interest. The calculation of "Tc" must follow FCDMC Hydrology Manual procedures.

\*Note: Do not add a standard set amount of time to the estimated "Tc" for lot runoff delay (such as 5 or 10 minutes). Natural land slopes are too variable in Scottsdale to add a set amount of time for lot runoff.

## 3. Runoff Coefficients

Use Figure 4.1-4 or equivalent to obtain the runoff coefficients or "C" values. Composite "C" values for the appropriate zoning category or weighted average values calculated for the specific site are both acceptable approaches.

RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS - "C" VALUE			
Land Use	Storm Frequency		
	2-25 Year	50 Year	100 Year
<b>Commercial &amp; Industrial Areas</b>	0.80	0.83	0.86
<b>Residential Areas-Single Family (average lot size)</b>			
R1-1-1901	0.33	0.50	0.53
R1-130	0.35	0.51	0.59
R1-70	0.37	0.52	0.60
R1-43	0.38	0.55	0.61
R1-35 (35,000 square feet/lot)	0.40	0.56	0.62
R1-18 (18,000 square feet/lot)	0.43	0.58	0.64
R1-10 (10,000 square feet/lot)	0.47	0.62	0.67
R1-7 (7,000 square feet/lot)	0.51	0.64	0.94
<b>Townhouses (R-2, R-4)</b>	0.63	0.74	0.94
<b>Apartments &amp; Condominiums (R-3, R-5)</b>	0.76	0.83	0.94
<b>Specific Surface Type Values</b>			
Paved streets, parking lots (concrete or asphalt), roofs, driveways, etc.	0.90	0.93	0.95
Lawns, golf courses, & parks (grassed areas)	0.20	0.25	0.30
Undisturbed natural desert or desert landscaping (no impervious weed barrier)	0.37	0.42	0.45
Desert landscaping (with impervious weed barrier)	0.63	0.73	0.83
Mountain terrain – slopes greater than 10%	0.60	0.70	0.80
Agricultural areas (flood-irrigated fields)	0.16	0.18	0.20

FIGURE 4.1-4 RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS FOR USE WITH RATIONAL METHOD

ON SITE HEC-1RAINFALL

MAP=64,1219

SA-4 (EXISTING)

$$A = 1.82 \text{ ac} = 0.0028 \text{ mi}^2$$

$$L = 455 \text{ ft} = 0.086 \text{ mi}$$

$$USGE = 1475$$

$$DSGE = 1465$$

SOIL TYPE

3

AREA

$$0.0028 \text{ mi}^2$$

CANOPY

DESERT

AREA

$$0.0028 \text{ mi}^2$$

## SA-4N (DEVELOPED)

$$A = 0.71 \text{ ac} = 0.001 \text{ mi}^2$$
$$L = 315 \text{ ft} = 0.060 \text{ mi}$$
$$USGE = 1473$$
$$DSGE = 1468$$

SOILTYPE

3

AREA

0.001 mi<sup>2</sup>

LANDUSE

comm

AREA

0.001 mi<sup>2</sup>

(USE 310 WAREHOUSE)

## SA-4S (DEVELOPED)

$$A = 1.40 \text{ ac} = 0.002 \text{ mi}^2$$
$$L = 555 \text{ ft} = 0.105 \text{ mi}$$
$$USGE = 1473$$
$$DSGE = 1467.5$$

SOILTYPE

3

AREA

0.002 mi<sup>2</sup>

LANDUSE

comm

AREA

0.002 mi<sup>2</sup>

DB-1

$$V = \frac{1983 + 8678}{2} (3) \frac{1}{43560} = \underline{0.37 \text{ ac-ft}}$$

- CHECK DRAIN TIME

$$Q = Cd A \sqrt{2gh} \quad \text{ORIFICE EQUATION}$$

$$Cd = 0.62$$

$$A_{6''} = \pi (0.25')^2 = 0.196 \text{ FT}^2$$

$$g = 32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

$$h = 1.5' - 0.25' = 1.25' \quad \text{HEAD @ CENTERLINE}$$

$$Q = 0.62 (0.196 \text{ FT}^2) \sqrt{2(32.2)(1.25)}$$

$$Q = 1.1 \text{ CFS}$$

$$t = \frac{V}{Q} = \frac{0.37 \text{ ac-ft}}{1.1 \frac{\text{CF}}{5} \times \frac{3600 \text{ s}}{\text{hr}}}$$

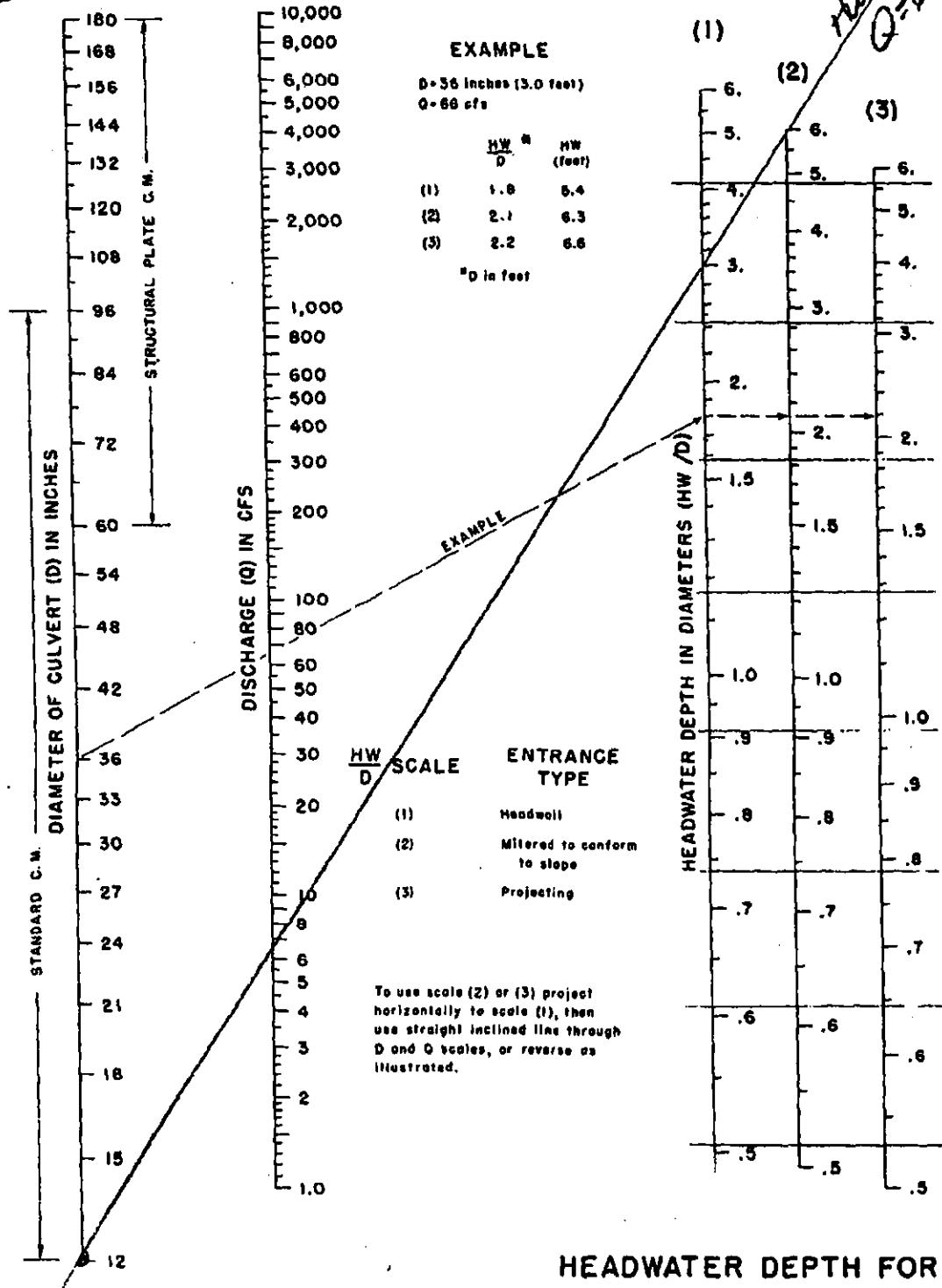
$$\underline{t = 4.1 \text{ hr}}$$

DB-2

$$V = \frac{652 + 2901}{2} (3) \frac{1}{43560} = \underline{0.12 \text{ ac-ft}}$$

$$t = \frac{0.12 (43560)}{1.1 (3600)} = \underline{1.3 \text{ hr}}$$

## CHART 2



BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS JAN. 1963

**HEADWATER DEPTH FOR  
C. M. PIPE CULVERTS  
WITH INLET CONTROL**

**Appendix B – HEC-1 input/output**

\* FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1) \*  
 \* JUN 1998 \*  
 \* VERSION 4.1 \*  
 \* RUN DATE 14FEB10 TIME 09:55:52 \*

\* U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS \*  
 \* HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER \*  
 \* 609 SECOND STREET \*  
 \* DAVIS, CALIFORNIA 95616 \*  
 \* (916) 756-1104 \*

```

      X   X   XXXXXXXX   XXXXX   X
      X   X   X   X   XX
      X   X   X   X   X
      XXXXXX XXXX   X   XXXXX X
      X   X   X   X   X
      X   X   X   X   X
      X   X   XXXXXXXX   XXXXX   XXX
  
```

THIS PROGRAM REPLACES ALL PREVIOUS VERSIONS OF HEC-1 KNOWN AS HEC1 (JAN 73), HEC1GS, HEC1DB, AND HEC1KW.

THE DEFINITIONS OF VARIABLES -RTIMP- AND -RTIOR- HAVE CHANGED FROM THOSE USED WITH THE 1973-STYLE INPUT STRUCTURE.  
 THE DEFINITION OF -AMSKK- ON RM-CARD WAS CHANGED WITH REVISIONS DATED 28 SEP 81. THIS IS THE FORTRAN77 VERSION  
 NEW OPTIONS: DAMBREAK OUTFLOW SUBMERGENCE , SINGLE EVENT DAMAGE CALCULATION, DSS:WRITE STAGE FREQUENCY,  
 DSS:READ TIME SERIES AT DESIRED CALCULATION INTERVAL LOSS RATE:GREEN AND AMPT INFILTRATION  
 KINEMATIC WAVE: NEW FINITE DIFFERENCE ALGORITHM

1 HEC-1 INPUT PAGE 1

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

1 ID Flood Control District of Maricopa County  
 2 ID 2259 - STORAGE AT SHEA  
 3 ID 100 YEAR  
 4 ID 6 Hour Storm  
 5 ID Unit Hydrograph: Clark  
 6 ID Storm: Multiple  
 7 ID 02/14/2018  
 \*DIAGRAM  
 8 IT 1 1JAN99 0 2000  
 9 IO 5  
 10 IN 15  
 \*  
 11 JD 2.723 0.0001  
 12 PC 0.000 0.008 0.016 0.025 0.033 0.041 0.050 0.058 0.066 0.074  
 13 PC 0.087 0.099 0.118 0.138 0.216 0.377 0.834 0.911 0.931 0.950  
 14 PC 0.962 0.972 0.983 0.991 1.000  
 15 JD 2.707 0.5000  
 16 PC 0.000 0.008 0.016 0.025 0.033 0.041 0.050 0.058 0.066 0.074  
 17 PC 0.087 0.099 0.118 0.138 0.216 0.377 0.834 0.911 0.931 0.950  
 18 PC 0.962 0.972 0.983 0.991 1.000

19 KK SA-4 BASIN  
 20 BA 0.003  
 21 LG 0.35 0.35 3.39 0.64 5  
 22 UC 0.198 0.244  
 23 UA 0 3.0 5.0 8.0 12.0 20.0 43.0 75.0 90.0 96.0  
 24 UA 100  
 \*

25 KK SA-4N BASIN  
 26 BA 0.001  
 27 LG 0.10 0.27 3.39 1.00 80  
 28 UC 0.102 0.159  
 29 UA 0 5.0 16.0 30.0 65.0 77.0 84.0 90.0 94.0 97.0  
 30 UA 100  
 \*

31 KK DB-2 STORAGE  
 32 KO  
 33 RS 1 STOR  
 34 SV 0.12  
 35 SQ 6.00  
 36 SE 1465.0 1468.00  
 \*

37 KK SA-4S BASIN  
 38 BA 0.002  
 39 LG 0.10 0.27 3.39 1.00 80  
 40 UC 0.155 0.277  
 41 UA 0 5.0 16.0 30.0 65.0 77.0 84.0 90.0 94.0 97.0  
 42 UA 100  
 \*

1 HEC-1 INPUT PAGE 2

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

43 KK CP.A COMBINE  
 44 HC 2  
 \*

45 KK DB-1 STORAGE  
 46 KO  
 47 RS 1 STOR  
 48 SV 0.37  
 49 SQ 2.00  
 50 SE 1464.5 1467.50  
 \*

51 ZZ

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF STREAM NETWORK

INPUT LINE (V) ROUTING (--->) DIVERSION OR PUMP FLOW

19	SA-4	
.	.	
25	.	SA-4N
.	.	V
.	.	V
31	.	DB-2
.	.	.
37	.	.
.	.	.
.	.	.
43	.	CP-A
.	.	V
.	.	V
45	.	DB-1

(\*\*\* RUNOFF ALSO COMPUTED AT THIS LOCATION)

1\*\*\*\*\*  
\* FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)  
\* JUN 1998  
\* VERSION 4.1  
\* RUN DATE 14FEB18 TIME 09:55:52  
\*\*\*\*\*

\* U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS  
\* HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER  
\* 609 SECOND STREET  
\* DAVIS, CALIFORNIA 95616  
\* (916) 756-1104

Flood Control District of Maricopa County  
2259 - STORAGE AT SHEA  
100 YEAR  
6 Hour Storm  
Unit Hydrograph: Clark  
Storm: Multiple  
02/14/2018

9 IO            OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES  
          IPRNT        5 PRINT CONTROL  
          IPLOT        0 PLOT CONTROL  
          OSCAL        0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCAL

IT	HYDROGRAPH TIME DATA		
	NMIN	1	MINUTES IN COMPUTATION INTERVAL
	IDATE	1JAN99	STARTING DATE
	ITIME	0000	STARTING TIME
	NO	2000	NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES
	NDDATE	2JAN99	ENDING DATE
	NDTIME	0919	ENDING TIME
	ICENT	19	CENTURY MARK

COMPUTATION INTERVAL 0.02 HOURS  
TOTAL TIME BASE 33.32 HOURS

ENGLISH UNITS	
DRAINAGE AREA	SQUARE MILES
PRECIPITATION DEPTH	INCHES
LENGTH, ELEVATION	FEET
FLOW	CUBIC FEET PER SECOND
STORAGE VOLUME	ACRE-FEET
SURFACE AREA	ACRES
TEMPERATURE	DEGREES FAHRENHEIT

11 JD INDEX STORM NO. 1  
      STRM      2.72 PRECIPITATION DEPTH  
      TRDA      0.00 TRANSPOSITION DRAINAGE AREA

15 JD INDEX STORM NO. 2

31 KK \* DB-2 \* STORAGE

32 KO            OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES  
          IPRNT        5 PRINT CONTROL  
          IPLOT        0 PLOT CONTROL  
          QSCAL        0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE

45 KK \* DB-1 \* STORAGE

46 KO            OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES  
          IPRNT        5 PRINT CONTROL  
          IPLOT        0 PLOT CONTROL  
          QSCAL        0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE

RUNOFF SUMMARY  
FLOW IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND  
TIME IN HOURS, AREA IN SQUARE MILES

OPERATION	STATION	PEAK FLOW	TIME OF PEAK	AVERAGE FLOW FOR MAXIMUM PERIOD			BASIN AREA	MAXIMUM STAGE	TIME OF MAX STAGE
				6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR			
<b>HYDROGRAPH AT</b>									
+	SA-4	4.	4.12	0.	0.	0.	0.00		
<b>HYDROGRAPH AT</b>									
+	SA-4N	2.	4.02	0.	0.	0.	0.00		
<b>ROUTED TO</b>									
+	DB-2	2.	4.13	0.	0.	0.	0.00		
<b>HYDROGRAPH AT</b>									
+	SA-4S	4.	4.05	0.	0.	0.	0.00		
<b>2 COMBINED AT</b>									
+	CP.A	5.	4.07	1.	0.	0.	0.00		
<b>ROUTED TO</b>									
+	DB-1	1.	4.65	1.	0.	0.	0.00		

\*\*\* NORMAL END OF HEC-1 \*\*\*