Kelly, John

David Yates <ydavid999@gmail.com> From: Sent: Thursday, February 27, 2025 10:32 AM

Projectinput To: Case 3-BA-2025 **Subject:**

⚠ External Email: Please use caution if opening links or attachments!

This is an eyesore and a blight on the neighborhood. It seems to have been started without a permit and has been setting like this for several weeks.



Sent from my iPad

Dave Yates 5693 N 73rd Street Scottsdale AZ 85250

Kelly, John

From: NoReply

Sent: Monday, February 24, 2025 9:44 PM

To: Projectinput **Subject:** Baze Residence

Categories: Jack



I am submitting comments regarding variance for setback adjustment at 5680 N 74th Place. The building planned, and already partially constructed, is too close to the property line, therefore too close to the property's outside wall. It does not comply with reasonable zoning and looks unsightly to the neighborhood which could potentially negatively affect property values. This partially constructed building, as it currently stands, does not appear to conform with the main house's architectural style or other homes in the area. I recommend that this structure not be approved for a variance. -- sent by John Stransky (case# 3-BA-2025)



From: WebServices

To: Board Of Adjustment; Projectinput
Subject: Board of Adjustment Public Comment
Date: Thursday, February 20, 2025 9:08:26 AM

Importance: High

Name: Tom Ambrose

Address: 7326 E Montebello Ave. Email: tambrose7326@cox.net

Phone: (480) 369-2866

Comment:

Regarding 5680~N~74th Place, I do not agree to the proposed changes as the current building under construction looks to be too tall and the architecture is inconsistent with surrounding homes.

BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT REPORT



Meeting Date: 3/5/2025

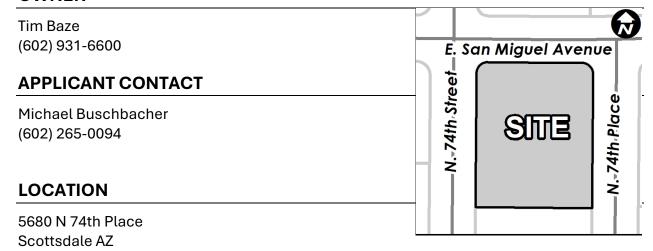
ACTION

The Baze Residence 3-BA-2025

Request to consider the following:

1. Request by owner for a variance to the City of Scottsdale Zoning Ordinance Section 5.304.E.1 reducing the front yard setback for the main residence along N. 74th Street and N 74th Place from 35' to 30'; Section 5.304.E.3 reducing the rear yard setback for the main residence from 30' to 29'; Section 7.200.A.4.a. to allow an accessory building to be located within a required front yard with a setback of 14'-2" from E. San Miguel Avenue and 11' from N. 74th Street, for the property located at 5680 N 74th Place with Single Family Residential R1-18 zoning.

OWNER



BACKGROUND

History

In 1961, the subject site was annexed into the City of Scottsdale and the single-family residential (R1-18) zoning district was applied. The site was platted in the Del Prado subdivision in 1979. The existing primary residence was permitted in 1981 within the City of Scottsdale. Analysis of aerials and permit history indicates there have been no significant

improvements other than the original home which was built in 1981. The current property owner is requesting three variances, reducing the required front yard setback on the western and eastern property lines from thirty-five (35) feet to thirty (30) feet, reducing the required rear yard setback from thirty (30) feet to twenty-nine (29) feet, and allowing an accessory structure to be located with the required front yard setback.

In 1981 a variance was granted by the Board of Adjustment on the subject site and the two (2) properties directly south to allow a 6-foot-tall wall along the 74th Street frontage and part of the East San Miguel Avenue frontage.

Adjacent Uses and Zoning

- North: Adjacent single family lot in Del Prado subdivision zoned Single-family Residential (R1-18)
- South: Adjacent single family lot in Del Prado subdivision zoned Single-family Residential (R1-18)
- <u>East:</u> Adjacent single family lot in Del Prado subdivision zoned Single-family Residential (R1-18)
- West: Briarwood V subdivision, zoned Single-family Residential (R1-7 PRD)

Zoning/Development Context

The site is zoned Single-Family Residential (R1-18). The R1-18 zoning district allows for single-family residential and ancillary uses.

The subject property is located southwest of the intersection of North 74th Place & East San Miguel Avene, with three frontages with North 74th Street to the west, East San Miguel Avenue to the north, and North 74th Place to the east. This lot is surrounded by adjacent single-family subdivisions with similar zoning classifications. The subject property shares a similar shape and size to the abutting R1-18 properties.

Zoning Ordinance Requirements

Pursuant to Article V, Section 5.304.E.1 "There shall be a front yard having a depth of not less than thirty-five (35) feet."

- 1. The applicant is requesting a variance of five (5) feet, reducing the setback from thirty-five (35) feet to thirty (30) along North 74th Street feet to bring the western portion of the existing residence into conformance.
- 2. The applicant is requesting a variance of five (5) feet reducing the setback from thirty-five (35) feet to thirty (30) along North 74th Place to bring the western portion of the home into conformance.

Pursuant to Article V, Section 5.304.E. "There shall be a rear yard having a depth of not less than thirty (30) feet."

3. The applicant is requesting a variance of one (1) foot, reducing the setback from thirty (30) feet to twenty-nine (29) feet to bring the southern portion of the existing residence into conformance.

Pursuant to Article VII, Section 7.200.A.4 "No accessory building or structure shall be permitted in a required front yard, including the front yard of the shortest street frontage of a corner lot."

4. The applicant is requesting a variance to allow an accessory building to be located within a required front yard with a setback of fourteen (14) feet and two (2) inches from E. San Miguel Avenue and eleven (11) feet from N. 74th Street.

Code Enforcement Activity

At the time of drafting this report, there has been no reported code enforcement activity for this site.

Community Input

The City sent notifications of the application to property owners within 750 feet of the subject parcel. At the time of writing of this report, staff has received one public comment regarding the request.

Discussion

Pursuant to Article VII, Section 7.200.A.4 "No accessory building or structure shall be permitted in a required front yard, including the front yard of the shortest street frontage of a corner lot." The applicant is requesting a variance to allow a detached accessory structure in the required front yard setback. The existing lot contains three street frontages, giving the subject property three required front yards with three thirty-five (35) foot front yard setbacks. This means no accessory structures may be constructed within any of the required front yard setbacks per zoning ordinance requirements. In 1981 a variance was granted by the Board of Adjustment on the subject site and the two (2) properties directly south to allow a 6-foot-tall wall along the 74th Street frontage and part of the East San Miguel Avenue frontage. Based on the established development pattern for the subject site and other lots along the east side of North 74th Street, the 74th Street frontage has historically functioned as a "backyard".

The applicant is also asking for a reduction in the required front yard setback along the western property line and eastern property line from thirty-five (35) to thirty (30), as well as a reduction to the rear yard setback from thirty (30) to twenty-nine (29). This is to bring the

existing house into conformance with main building setback requirements. The existing house was built in a location that is non-conforming to the zoning ordinance requirements.

VARIANCE CRITERIA ANALYSIS

1. That because of special circumstances applicable to the property including its size, shape, topography, location, or surroundings, the strict application of the zoning ordinance will deprive such property of privileges enjoyed by other property of the same classification in the same zoning district:

Applicant Statement:

The applicant states that the subject property carries the rare condition of being a double corner lot—a condition so rare the zoning ordinance doesn't specifically address it. That condition requires the lot to have a front yard on the east, a front yard on the north, and a front yard on the west. The front yard setback is, by design, deeper than other setbacks. At 35 feet, the front setback is designed to ensure that the front of a house has a true front yard. That is the aesthetic the zoning ordinance envisioned. But in this situation, requiring that same setback on the north and west doesn't make practical sense. Those sides are not the true front yards, nor would we expect them to function as front yards.

The applicant then asserts that it was this same conclusion that caused the Board of Adjustment to grant the prior wall variance on this property. The Board of Adjustment granted the variance and allowed the wall height on the west and north to be 6 feet because it recognized that limiting the wall height to 3 feet was only appropriate for true front yards. In a true front yard, we do not want tall walls. We limit wall height to 3 feet because we want to see the front of the house, the front door, etc. We do not want a castle aesthetic with a tall wall in the front yard. But the Board of Adjustment recognized that this lot had only one real front yard, which was on the east, and used the variance process to allow the zoning ordinance to be modified to reflect that reality. Here, we are asking for the same recognition. We are asking for the City to again recognize that this peculiar lot truly only has one functional front yard, on the east. It would be unfair to require the lot to have three front yards. Consider how much of the lot is consumed by the principal building setback requirement. calculations, and the consequence of having three front yard setbacks is that the principal building setbacks consume a staggering +/- 74% of the lot. That is a clear special circumstance. No lot should be required to lose 74% of its area to setbacks. Similarly, because of the three front setbacks, the accessory structure is limited on where it can be located. As noted above, the City understandably does not want accessory structures to be in front of the house in a true front yard. But here, locating the accessory structure in the proposed location makes perfect sense.

Staff Analysis:

The subject site has a regular shape and exceeds the minimum lot size required for this zoning district with an area of 19,656 square feet. As mentioned prior, the subject parcel has a relatively uncommon orientation with the three street frontages creating three required front yard setbacks. Visually, the lot appears to only have one main open front yard, on the east frontage. A variance was granted in 1981 under case 15-BA-1981 allowing a six (6) foot tall wall to be constructed along the eastern side of North 74th Street on the western property line and northern portion for the subject site, and the adjacent sites to the north and south as well. The purpose of the request was to allow for a wall taller than three (3) feet to be constructed in the required front yard for all properties with more than one front yard. The construction of a 6-foot-tall wall on the west and north sides of the property have changed the character of these frontages, allowing them to function like side or rear yards rather than front yards. However, the variance only addressed the wall location, and the front yard setback requirements still remain. There are other locations for an accessory structure on the property that meet the setback requirements without a variance.

2. That the authorization of the variance is necessary for the preservation of privileges and rights enjoyed by other property of the same classification in the same zoning district, and does not constitute a grant of special privileges inconsistent with the limitations upon other properties in the vicinity and zone in which such property is located:

<u>Applicant Statement:</u>

The applicant states that the right to build a storage shed is normally not an issue for most single-family properties. But here, due to the lot's special circumstances, a very normal and customary property right of being able to build an accessory structure in one's back yard is being severely constrained. Granting the requested relief would not result in the property owner "overusing" the property. It would simply allow these property owners to use their lot in a manner that is consistent with other single-family homes in the same zoning district. We believe this is the most fair and equitable way to allow for the owners to enjoy the privileges and rights enjoyed by other properties in the same classification, who do not have a double corner lot condition.

Staff Analysis:

The same setback requirements apply to all properties within the subdivision, as well as most other R1-18 zoned properties, however, having three (3) front yards does appear to limit the subject site more than most other properties. Having said that, it appears there are other areas on the property that could be utilized for a detached accessory building, while conforming to the zoning requirements. With some

reconfiguring the accessory building could be relocated to the rear yard on the southern portion of the property, with a minimum ten (10) foot separation from the main house and subject to all other requirements set forth in Article VII of the zoning ordinance.

Regarding the variance request for the required main building setbacks, these requests are necessary to bring the existing main building into conformance. The existing main residence has a similar size and orientation to surrounding lots in the area, and any future expansions to the main residence would be commensurate with what other properties in the same zoning district would be permitted. It does not appear an adjustment to the main building setbacks would grant a special privilege inconsistent with the limitations upon other properties in the same zoning district. The homeowner does not have immediate plans of adding an addition or livable square footage to the existing home currently.

3. That the special circumstances applicable to the property were not self-imposed or created by the owner or applicant:

Applicant Statement:

The applicant states that none of the special circumstances identified in this narrative were self-imposed. The original subdivision was compelled to occur in the manner it did because of the shape of the original Parent Parcel and the existing street on the west. As we have detailed above, there was no other viable approach possible. That process then led inevitably to the lot having two corners, which created the three front setbacks. With the cul-de-sac to the east and with the lot's front setbacks creating a very constrained building envelope, the house had no realistic choice but to be oriented to the east and to be located where it was on the lot. That in turn created large and inefficient yards on the north and south and a reduced yard on the west. None of these factors were self-imposed by the owner in the way this test is designed to control against. These are domino effects of both the original Parent Parcel's size, shape, and positioning and the creation of a lot with two corners.

Staff Analysis:

The subject site has a regular shape and exceeds the minimum lot size required for this zoning district with an area of 19,656 square feet. As mentioned prior, the subject parcel has a relatively uncommon orientation with the three street frontages creating three required front yard setbacks. The creation of the subject lot with three (3) street frontages was the result of the subdivision plat that created this subdivision in 1979. The current owner did not have any involvement in creation of the lot configuration. However, there are other possible locations for a proposed accessory structure that will meet zoning ordinance requirements.

4. That authorization of the variance will not be materially detrimental to persons residing or working in the vicinity, to adjacent property, to the neighborhood or to the public welfare in general:

Applicant Statement:

The applicant states that the variances requested will not be materially detrimental to the persons residing or working in the vicinity, to adjacent property, to the neighborhood or to the general public welfare. The structure and its position on the lot are similar to other structures built in backyards and side yards throughout the neighborhood. In the exhibit below, we have identified all those principal and accessory structures in the immediate area that are near to the property line. None of these structures has materially harmed the neighborhood. Likewise, our proposed structure would not materially harm the neighborhood either. Indeed, the proposal would be consistent with the existing character of the area.

Staff Analysis:

As mentioned previously, there is an existing six (6) foot wall along the western property line, that also encompasses the northern portion of the property to create a fully enclosed yard. This has established a development pattern for the subject site and other lots along the east side of North 74th Street that treats these frontages as a "backyard" rather than a traditional front yard. The proposed accessory structure in the northwest corner of the lot is thirteen (13) feet three (3) inches tall which is highly visible from the surrounding street view above the existing six (6) foot wall.

The existing residence has a size and location that is comparable to the neighboring homes in the area, and any future expansions to the main residence would be commensurate with what other properties in the same zoning district would be permitted. The request for a reduction of the main residence setbacks is not anticipated to be materially detrimental to neighboring properties. City staff has received one public comment on the proposed request as of the date of this report.

SUMMARY

Based on the facts presented by the applicant, the evidence would support a finding that the property may have special circumstances that would warrant relief from the strict application of the Zoning Ordinance requirements to the main residence, but this relief may not be necessary for the accessory structure. The size, shape, topography or configuration of the property is unique and applicable; however, it appears there is an alternate location for the accessory building that could meet setback requirements. Further, the applicant's proposed variance for the main residence does not appear that it would be detrimental to persons residing or working in the surrounding neighborhood, however the prominent location of the accessory structure location may be more

impactful. However, the decision about whether the criteria have been met is for the Board to make after hearing all the evidence at the hearing.

If the Board chooses to grant the requested variance, staff recommends the following stipulations:

- The proposed accessory structure shall be designed and located consistent with the site plan and building elevations included in the staff report under Attachments #7 & 8. Any significant modifications to the accessory structure shall require additional variance(s) through the Board of Adjustment, as determined by the Zoning Administrator.
- 2. Additions and other modifications shall be allowed to the main residence, subject to compliance with the amended building setbacks approved with this variance request.

APPROVED BY

9.

10.

15-BA-1981 (for reference only)

Public Comment

2/14/2025 Andrew Dobson, Report Author Date 480-312-2515, adobson@scottsdaleaz.gov 2/14/2025 Bryan Cluff, Planning & Development Area Date Manager, Board of Adjustment Liaison 480-312-2258, bcluff@scottsdaleaz.gov 2/17/2025 Tim Curtis, AICP, Current Planning Director Date 480-312-4210, tcurtis@scottsdaleaz.gov 02/18/2025 Erin Perreault, AICP, Director Date Planning and Development Services 480-312-7093, eperreault@scottsdaleaz.gov **ATTACHMENTS** 1. **Project Description** 2. Justification 3. **Context Aerial** 4. Aerial Close-Up 5. Zoning Map 6. Site Photographs 7. Proposed Site Plan 8. **Proposed Elevation**



Baze Residence

Request for Variance 5680 N. 74th Place Scottsdale, AZ 85250

APN: 173-15-099

January 29, 2025

Purpose of Request

This application seeks reasonable variance relief for a rare condition, a double corner lot that has streets on three sides. This condition is rare because developers almost always avoid it due to its inefficiencies. Here, it creates a significant burden on the developability of this parcel because each side that has a street must be interpreted under the zoning ordinance as a "front yard." And as a front yard, a deep 35-foot building setback is imposed on principle structures and other limitations apply to accessory structures within a front yard setback.

We are filing this application on behalf of Tim and Susan Baze, owners of the subject property. The Bazes have owned this lot for 20-plus years. They are seeking an allowance to build a shed in their



backyard—something other homeowners in this zoning district are able to build. But with the three front-yard setbacks required on this lot, they are not able to enjoy the same privileges afforded other properties in the same zoning district.

The requested relief will allow (1) the construction of a shed in the *functional* backyard and (2) the remedying of minor building encroachments that occurred from the time the home was originally built.

Legal Requests

The variance requests are as follows:

 Variance to allow an accessory structure in the required front yard setback of a corner lot.

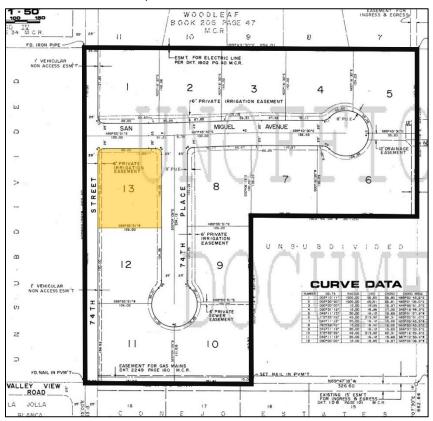
- Variance to reduce the front yard setback to thirty (30) feet for the principal structure.
- Variance to reduce the rear yard setback to twenty-nine (29) feet for the principal structure.

Background and History of Site

Double Corner Lot

As noted above, a lot with three adjacent streets is rare. As such, when we conducted our internal analysis of this situation, we asked the question, "Why was this lot ever created with three adjacent streets?" When we pulled the 1979 plat for this lot, we found the answer. The plat is pasted below. The original piece of land, as it existed prior to being subdivided (the "Parent Parcel"), was relatively small and oddly shaped, like the letter "r." As we considered this shape and size, it seemed there were few, if any, alternative layouts available to the subdivider. The roadway on the west side of the site was locked

in and unmovable, due to subdivisions that had already occurred to the north. Then, the developer needed to have a road that accessed to east side of the "r." That road became Miguel Avenue, which was centered within that eastern portion of the Parent Parcel. Next, the developer needed a road to access the bottom of the "r." That road became 74th Place. which was centered within the southern portion of the Parent Parcel. Finally, note that the zoning required lot sizes of 18,000 square feet, which



is approximately the size of the resulting lots.

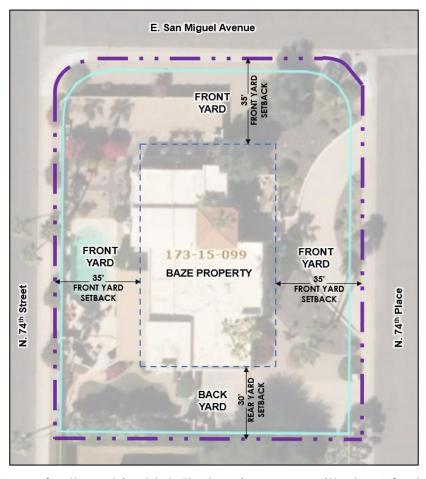
Given these conditions, we cannot see how the developer could have realistically avoided having the two additional roads at those two locations, since roads were

needed to access the east and south sections of the Parent Parcel and the two roads were each centered within those sections. And with the necessity of those two roads, the subject lot (Lot 13) was inevitably created with streets on three sides.

The design of the subdivision and Lot 13 then led to how the home needed to be situated on this property. With three adjacent streets and two corners, all three street sides became front vards and required 35-foot setbacks. That required the home to squeeze into a narrow box and it left large yards on both the south and north sides of the home (i.e. the functional side yards) and a reduced yard on the west side (i.e. the functional rear yard).

<u>Previous Variance:</u> (Case #51-BA-81)

On May 20, 1981, the City of Scottsdale Board of



Adjustment approved a variance for the subject lot. That variance permitted a 6-foot wall on the west property line. Because the west and north sides of the home were required to be a "front yard," those sides were also limited to a wall height of 3 feet. The variance allowed for a 6-foot wall because the Board of Adjustment recognized that these three front yards created a special circumstance. In a letter to the Board of Adjustment, the Building Director noted that this setback condition resulted in there being "very little usable rear yard." In the Board of Adjustment decision, the Board noted that the variance would allow Lot 13 (and two other lots also receiving the variance) "to utilize their rear and side yards which they cannot presently do." This history reveals that the City has previously recognized that the three front yard setbacks imposed on this lot create a non-self-imposed special circumstance—one that justifies variance relief to mitigate that circumstance.

In this case, our client is asking for the City to rule in a manner that is consistent with this prior variance and determine that the lot's three frontages are a special circumstance that warrants variance relief.

<u>Purposes of Request</u>

This application has two major purposes. First, the current homeowners, who have lived on the property for the last 20-plus years, seek to build a storage shed within the areas of their lot that function as the rear yard (west) and side yard (north) (see yellow box in the graphic to the right). During the permitting process for the shed, staff issued an interpretation and explained that the subject lot would need to be considered a "double corner lot" (as shown in the graphic).



It's worth noting that the ordinance

does not even contain the term "double corner lot." Rather, the code refers to a corner lot, which it defines as a lot that has two intersecting street frontages. This situation of having two corners adjacent to the lot is so uncommon that the ordinance doesn't even address it. Variance relief is the proper method for tailoring a fair and equitable remedy in this case.

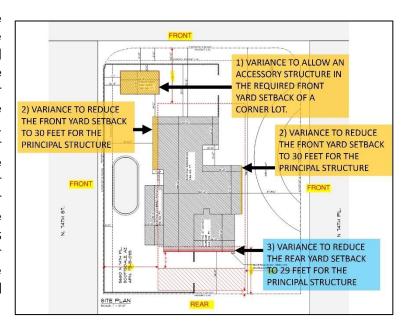
The effect of staff's interpretation that this lot is a "double corner lot" was that the east, north, and west property lines would all have to be viewed as front yards that required a deep 35-foot front building setback. This would be a surprise to most homeowners. Most would view this lot as having one front yard (east), one rear yard (west) and two side yards (north and south). That is certainly how this lot functions in practice. Staff recommended the homeowners pursue a variance to overcome this special circumstance.

The second purpose of this variance is to address minor building encroachments from when the house was originally built. As part of this process, a survey was conducted and it was discovered that small portions of the home, which was built in 1981, are slightly within the required setbacks, as shown in the attached survey. The east and south sides of the principal structure (i.e. the house) appear to be encroaching by a matter of a few inches. This could either be an error of the recent survey and maybe there is no issue. But

it could also have been a survey error in 1981 that caused the foundation to be poured slightly off. In either case, since we are already pursuing variance relief for the shed, we felt it was important to clean this up.

Similarly, on the west side, a portion of the building is inside of the 35' rear setback by a few feet. Were the west side of the lot to be classified as the rear yard, which is certainly how it functions in practice, the setback would be 30' and this encroaching portion on the west side would be in compliance. It's unclear, but this may be why the home was given a certificate of occupancy over 40 years ago, even with this encroachment of a few feet. The City reviewer or the inspector may have considered the west side to be the rear yard. But whatever occurred, we felt the best approach was to bring this into the variance application and remedy any potential issue that could be raised in the future with regard to the encroachment.

The first request is for a variance to allow an accessory structure in the required front yard setback of a corner lot. The City, of course, would not want an accessory structure to be located in a true front yard. That would put a shed in front of a house, which would be inappropriate and odd. But here, where the north and west sides of the lot function as the rear and side yard, this is precisely where we expect accessory structures to This variance located. will address that oddity.



The second variance is to reduce the front yard setback to 30 feet for principal structures. This will address the encroachment on the west side and east side.

The third variance is to reduce the rear yard setback to 29 feet for the principal structure. This will address the encroachment on the south, which is a matter of inches.

With regard to the variances that will clean up the minor encroachments of the house, we do not wish an approval of our requests to inadvertently create a condition in which further encroachments would be possible. For that reason, we would recommend that the variance approval be stipulated to the site plan being attached to this application. Such a stipulation would ensure that the approval is limited to allowing the house to remain in its current location and the shed to be installed in the location shown, and it would prevent other encroachments.

Special Circumstances and Variance Test Criteria

The City's variance process is in place to address situations like this, where special conditions exist on a particular property. The relief our clients are seeking for here is modest and normal. As the analysis below shows, they are not asking for anything that is not common in this area.

Our firm has carefully analyzed the facts of this case against the variance tests and firmly believe the test are satisfifed. Below we provide the details of our analysis.

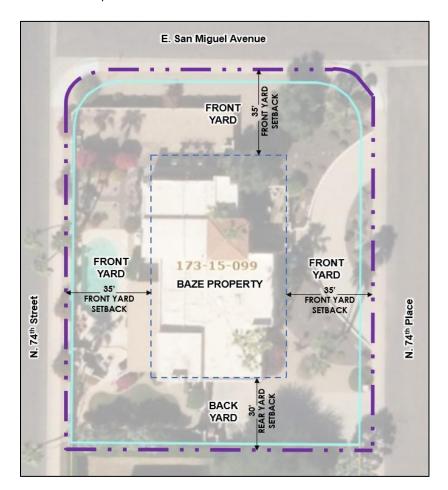
Special circumstances exist.

Special Circumstance #1: Three front yard setbacks

The subject property carries the rare condition of being a double corner lot—a condition so rare the zoning ordinance doesn't specifically address it. That condition requires the lot to have a front yard on the east, a front yard on the north, and a front yard on the west. The front yard setback is, by design, deeper than other setbacks. At 35 feet, the front setback is designed to ensure that the front of a house has a true front yard. That is the aesthetic the zoning ordinance envisioned. But in this situation, requiring that same setback on the north and west doesn't make practical sense. Those sides are not the true front yards, nor would we expect them to function as front yards.

It was this same conclusion that caused the Board of Adjustment to grant the prior wall variance on this property. The Board of Adjustment granted the variance and allowed the wall height on the west and north to be 6 feet because it recognized that limiting the wall height to 3 feet was only appropriate for true front yards. In a true front yard, we do not want tall walls. We limit wall height to 3 feet because we want to see the front of the house, the front door, etc. We do not want a castle aesthetic with a tall wall in the front yard. But the Board of Adjustment recognized that this lot had only one real front yard, which was on the east, and used the variance process to allow the zoning ordinance to be modified to reflect that reality.

Here, we are asking for the same recognition. We are asking for the City to again recognize that this peculiar lot truly only has one functional front yard, on the east. It would be unfair to require the lot to have three front yards. That unfairness is evident in the exhibit below. Consider how much of the lot is consumed by the principal building setback requirement.



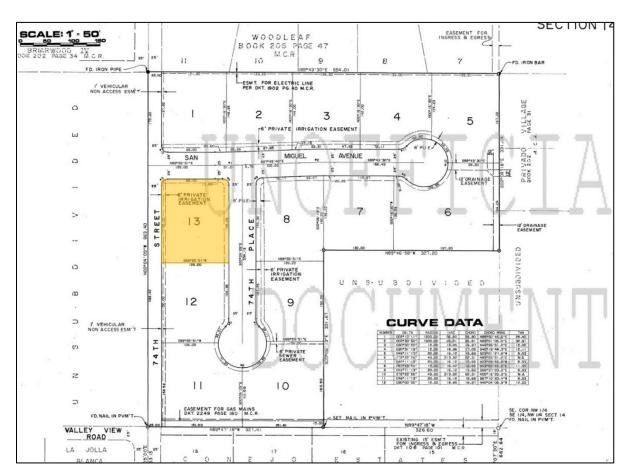
We ran the calculations, and the consequence of having three front yard setbacks is that the principal building setbacks consume a staggering +/- 74% of the lot. That is a clear special circumstance. No lot should be required to lose 74% of its area to setbacks.

Similarly, because of the three front setbacks, the accessory structure is limited on where it can be located. As noted above, the City understandably does not want accessory structures to be in front of the house in a true front yard. But here, locating the accessory structure in the proposed location makes perfect sense.

Special Circumstance #2: The subdivision process

In the discussion above, we pointed out the history of the subdivision that created the subject lot. As we noted, the original Parent Parcel was relatively small and had an odd "r" shape. As the subdividers pursued the subdivision, their hands were tied. Given the lot size requirement of 18,000 square feet, they didn't have any other viable and realistic

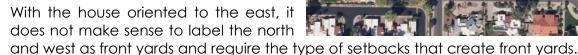
option for subdividing this property than to add a street to reach the eastern portion of the site and a street to reach the southern portion of the site. Given that 74th Street was already on the west side, once the subdividers added those two streets—in the only locations they realistically could be added—Lot 13 was destined to have streets on three sides.



So, not only does the resulting lot have a special circumstance by having three front yards, but its history also carries a special circumstance with it as well, which is what led to the lot having three sides. We believe this second special circumstance further adds support to the conclusion that this is a unique situation with special circumstances that warrant variance relief.

Special Circumstance #3: Orientation of the house on the lot to the east

This was alluded to in the prior discussion, but it is its own special circumstance and thus it should be broken out. Because of the way the plat was created, the only realistic way anyone could place a house on this lot was to orient the house to the east. If the house were to have faced west, it would have meant putting the back of the house to the rest of the cul-de-sac. Similarly, if the house had been oriented to the north, it would have meant facing the side of the house to the cul-de-sac. Either of those two orientations would have led to a strange and undesirable condition that would harm the rest of the community. The only viable orientation was to face the house east.

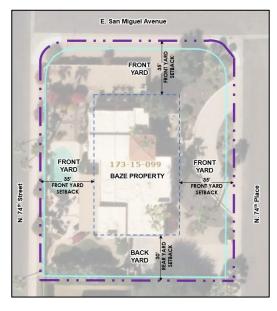




Special Circumstance #4: Location of the house on the lot

When the house was built, the requirement for three front yard setbacks applied, and it required the house to be compressed into the box in the setback exhibit shown to the right. This resulted in much larger setbacks on the north and south of the building than would likely have been created. But in these areas, which function as side yards, the use of that area is limited. Indeed, this is why most homes have reduced side yards. People want to recreate in their rear yard, not their side yard. Sometimes properties will have one larger side yard, but it's uncommon to have two larger side yards.

There are two net results of this condition. First, the functional rear yard to the west of the property was narrower than it would have been had the house been allowed to extend to the south and north, which



would have been more common. That has led to a more compressed area for rear-yard amenities. But it also further limits the area a shed, which is often located in the rear yard, can be located.

The second result is that the north side of the house is inefficient space. Although the owners have been able to make good use of the large south setback, by putting in a putting green and using the eastern half of the southern setback for a driveway into their garage, the northern setback is ineffective. That is what this shed would overcome. It would allow that space to be put to good use. Otherwise, a large portion of the lot, which is already 74% consumed with the principal building setbacks, would be lost to a large degree.

We believe there are sufficient special circumstances present in this case, which are not self-imposed, to justify the variance relief being requested. The City's legal test asks whether the "strict application of the zoning ordinance will deprive such property of privileges enjoyed by other property of the same clarification in the same zoning district." That test is clearly met here. The ordinance does not even contemplate a double corner lot condition. Staff was required to interpret the zoning ordinance's reference to a single "corner lot" as applying here in a double fashion. The strict interpretation of the ordinance on this lot is restricting a normal and customary use of single-family property.

As for the clean-up variances, those are justified by the same special circumstances identified above, especially the manner in which the buildable envelope for this lot is only +/- 26% of the total size. That massive imposition of building setbacks more than justifies the minimal degree of encroachments that occurred during the house's construction in the early 1980's.

Conclusion

For the reasons stated in this above analysis, we firmly believe the variance tests are met in this case. These owners are not asking for anything extreme or for the ability to overuse their property. They are asking for normal and customary privileges that are denied to them because of the special circumstances on the lot. The zoning ordinance cannot contemplate every possible scenario. That is why the variance process exists. As we look at this, we ask the question, "If this doesn't qualify for minor variance relief, what property would qualify?"

We sincerely appreciate the Board's attention to this case. Although it's minor relief, it's important to the property owners who have lived and invested in this Property for 20-plus years. They are not professional developers who have this lot tied up in escrow and are trying to see what development rights are possible before closing on the property. They are normal single-family property owners who are being harmed by a set of special circumstances.

We respectfully urge the Board to grant the requested relief, subject to the stipulation that the approval be limited to the placement of the structures in the attached site plan.

The authorization of the variance is necessary for the preservation of rights enjoyed by other properties in the same zoning classification.

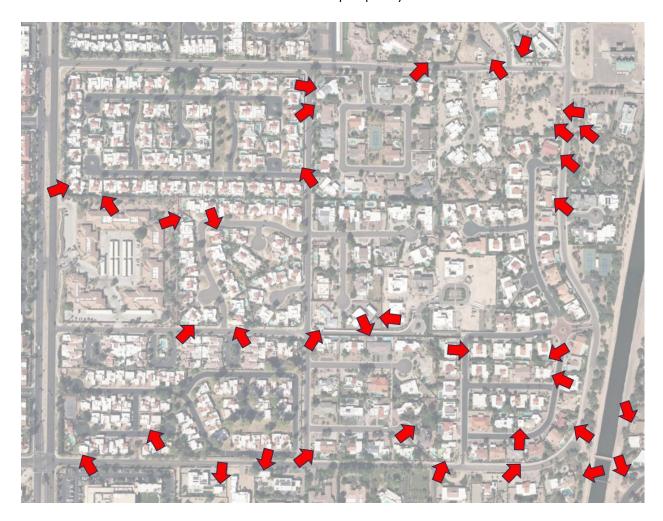
The right to build a storage shed is normally not an issue for most single-family properties. But here, due to the lot's special circumstances, a very normal and customary property right of being able to build an accessory structure in one's back yard is being severely constrained. Granting the requested relief would not result in the property owner "overusing" the property. It would simply allow these property owners to use their lot in a manner that is consistent with other single-family homes in the same zoning district. We believe this is the most fair and equitable way to allow for the owners to enjoy the privileges and rights enjoyed by other properties in the same classification, who do not have a double corner lot condition.

Since there are special circumstances to the property, it must be determined that they were not self-imposed.

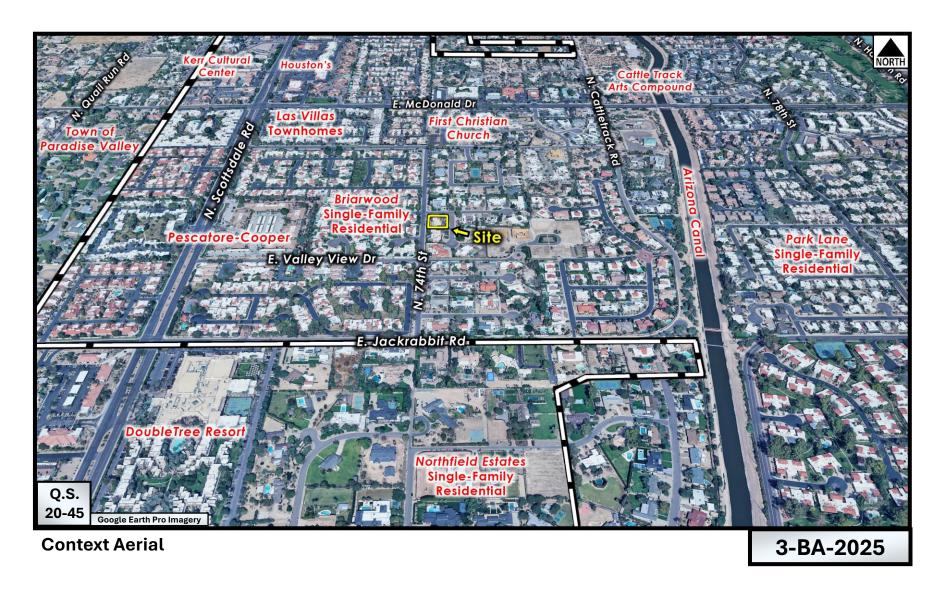
None of the special circumstances identified in this narrative were self-imposed. The original subdivision was compelled to occur in the manner it did because of the shape of the original Parent Parcel and the existing street on the west. As we have detailed above, there was no other viable approach possible. That process then led inevitably to the lot having two corners, which created the three front setbacks. With the cul-de-sac to the east and with the lot's front setbacks creating a very constrained building envelope, the house had no realistic choice but to be oriented to the east and to be located where it was on the lot. That in turn created large and inefficient yards on the north and south and a reduced yard on the west. None of these factors were self-imposed by the owner in the way this test is designed to control against. These are domino effects of both the original Parent Parcel's size, shape, and positioning and the creation of a lot with two corners.

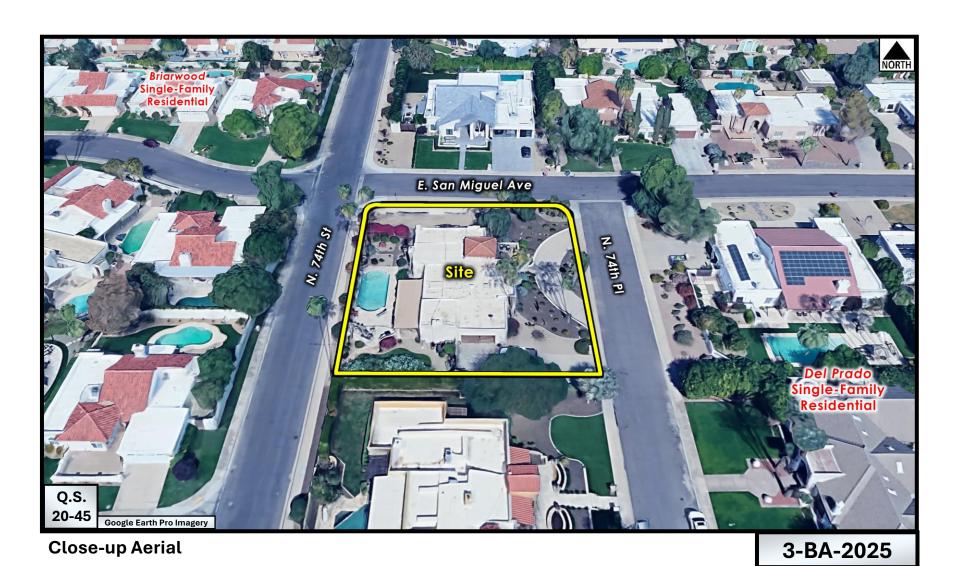
The variance will not be materially detrimental.

The variances requested will not be materially detrimental to the persons residing or working in the vicinity, to adjacent property, to the neighborhood or to the general public welfare. The structure and its position on the lot are similar to other structures built in backyards and side yards throughout the neighborhood. In the exhibit below, we have identified all those principal and accessory structures in the immediate area that are near to the property line.



None of these structures has materially harmed the neighborhood. Likewise, our proposed structure would not materially harm the neighborhood either. Indeed, the proposal would be consistent with the existing character of the area.



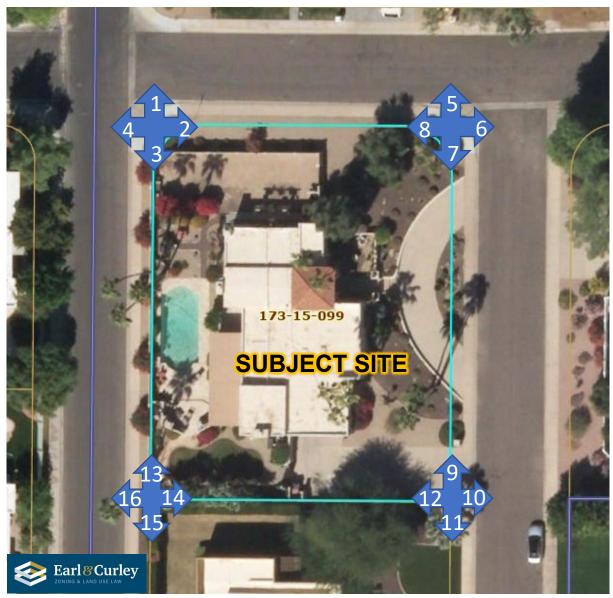




ATTACHMENT #5

Context Plan & Site Photographs

999-PA-2024



NOTE: All photographs taken January 2025

NWC of Site 1-4







Earl & Curley PC - 999-PA-2024



NOTE: All photographs taken on January 2025

NEC of Site 5-8





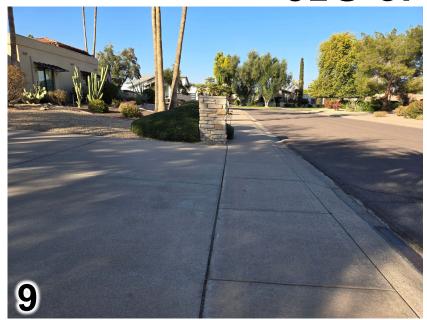
Earl & Curley PC - 999-PA-2024





NOTE: All photographs taken on January 2025

SEC of Site 9-12







Earl & Curley PC - 999-PA-2024

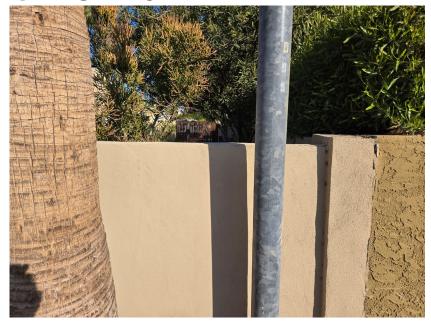




NOTE: All photographs taken on January 2025

SWC of Site 13-16







Earl & Curley PC - 999-PA-2024



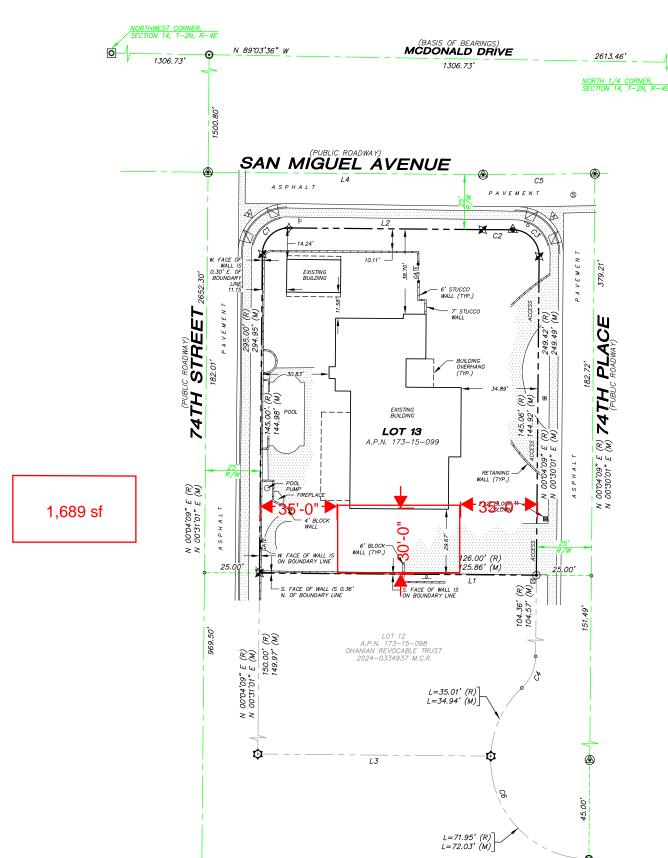
NOTE: All photographs taken on January 2025

DATE: 1/28/2025

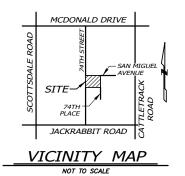
JOB: 202501067

BOUNDARY SURVEY 5680 N. 74TH PLACE

OF A PORTION OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 14, TOWNSHIP 2 NORTH, RANGE 4 EAST OF THE GILA AND SALT RIVER BASE AND MERIDIAN, MARICOPA COUNTY, ARIZONA



	LEGEND_						
NACCESS /	BOUNDARY LINE CENTER LINE OR MONUMENT LINE CENTER LINE OR MONUMENT LINE CONCRETE SURFACE 24 INCH VERTICAL CURB & GUTTI. 24 INCH ROLLED CURB 6 INCH CONCRETE CURB INDICATES DRIVEWAY (MEANS OF WALL FENCE FOUND 1/2" REBAR WITH ALMINIUM CAP	ER)				
•	STAMPED "LS 37937" FOUND 1/2" REBAR WITH NO IDENTIFICATION (0.4' DOWN) SET ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "KLEIN 42137"						
*	FOUND 5/8" REBAR WITH NO IDENTIFICATION SET TAG STAMPED "KLEIN 42137"				U		
×	SET 1/2" REBAR WITH ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "KLEIN 42137"	20	10	0	20	40	60
<u> </u>	FOUND 1/2" REBAR WITH NO IDENTIFICATION (0.3" DOWN) SET ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "KLEIN 42137"				SCALE IN FEE ILE : 1" =		
\Diamond	FOUND 1/2" REBAR WITH ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "LS 35694"						
0	FOUND 5" MARICOPA COUNTY BRASS CAP IN HANDHOLE (0.5' DOWN)						
	FOUND 3" CITY OF SCOTTSDALE BRASS CAP FLUSH						
•							107



OWNER

A.P.N.: 173-15-099 OWNER: TIMOTHY F AND SUSAN A BAZE LIVING TRUST DEED: 2019-0070842, M.C.R.

DESCRIPTION

NOTES

1) THE BASIS OF BEARING IS THE MONUMENT LINE OF MCDONALD DRIVE, ALSO BEING THE NORTH LINE OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 14, USING A BEARING OF NORTH 89 DEGREES 03 MINUTES 36 SECONDS WEST, PER "MARICOPA COUNTY GEODETIC DENSIFICATION AND CADASTRAL", RECORDS OF MARICOPA COUNTY, ARIZONA.

2) THIS SURVEY HAS BEEN PREPARED WITHOUT THE BENEFIT OF A TITLE REPORT, AND IS SUBJECT TO ALL EASEMENTS OF RECORD.

3) THE SURVEYOR HAS NOT OBTAINED ANY INFORMATION RELATING TO, AND HAS NO KNOWLEDGE OF ANY PROPOSED RIGHT OF WAYS, EASEMENTS, OR DEDICATIONS THAT ANY MUNICIPALITY, INDIVIDUAL OR GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY MAY REQUIRE.

4) USE OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS INSTRUMENT FOR OTHER THAN THE SPECIFIC PURPOSE FOR WHICH IT WAS INTENDED IS FORBIDDEN UNLESS EXPRESSLY PERMITTED IN WRITING IN ADVANCE BY SUPERIOR SURVEYING SERVICES, INC. SUPERIOR SURVEYING SERVICES, INC. SHALL HAVE NO LIBBILITY FOR ANY SUCH UNAUTHORIZED USE OF THIS INFORMATION WITHOUT THEIR WRITTEN CONSENT.

REFERENCES

GENERAL LAND OFFICE RECORDS ON FILE WITH THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

FINAL PLAT FOR "VALLEY VIEW ESTATES" RECORDED IN BOOK 1651, PAGE 38, MARICOPA COUNTY RECORDS

LAND ASSEMBLAGE PLAT OF "MCREYNOLDS — GRANPAZONA LOTS" RECORDED IN BOOK 1513, PAGE 22, MARICOPA COUNTY RECORDS

SUBDIVISION OF "DEL PRADO" RECORDED IN BOOK 208, PAGE 28, MARICOPA

SPECIAL WARRANTY DEED IN 2019-0070842, MARICOPA COUNTY RECORDS RECORD OF SURVEY IN BOOK 734, PAGE 10, MARICOPA COUNTY RECORDS

DAVID S. KLEIN R.L.S. #42137

CURVE TABLE						
URVE	RADIUS	LENGTH	DELTA	CHORD BEARING	CHORD DISTANCE	
C1	12.00'	18.85'	90°00'00" (R) 89°59'39" (M)	N 44°55'51" E (R) N 45°30'50" E (M)	16.97'	
C2	1525.00'	13.65	0*30'47"	S 89°47′17" E	13.65'	
СЗ	12.00'	18.96	90°31'19" (R) 90°32'41" (M)	S 4519'48" E (R) S 44'46'19" E (M)	17.05'	
C4	20.00'	16.12'	46°11'13"	N 23*35'38" E	15.69'	
C5	1500.00	50.77	1°56'22"	S 89°29'53" W	50.77'	
C6	45.00'	106.96	13671'13"	N 21°24'22" W	83.50'	

LINE TABLE

89°55'51" E (R)

S 89°32'58" E (M)

S 89°55'51" E (R) S 89°29'20" E (M)

S 89°55′51" E (R) 106.02' (R) S 89°28′20" E (M) 105.94' (M)

S 89°55'51" E (R) 125.00' (R) S 89°29'20" E (M) 125.10' (M)

LENGTH

175.86

88.00' (R) 88.05' (M)

BEARINGS

CERTIFICATION

I, DAVID S. KLEIN, HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I AM A REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR IN THE STATE OF ARIZONA AND THAT THE SURVEY SHOWN HEREON WAS COMPLETED UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION DURING THE MONTH OF JANUARY, 2025, AND IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF AND THE MONUMENTS SHOWN



(a) 0

0

€

R/W BK. PG. (TYP.) (R)

CALCULATED POSITION NO MONUMENT FOUND OR SET SCHEDULE B ITEM BASKETBALL HOOP

ELECTRIC TRANSFORMER

MAIL BOX

STREET SIGN TELECOMMUNICATIONS RISER WATER METER

RIGHT OF WAY

MEASURED

LINE

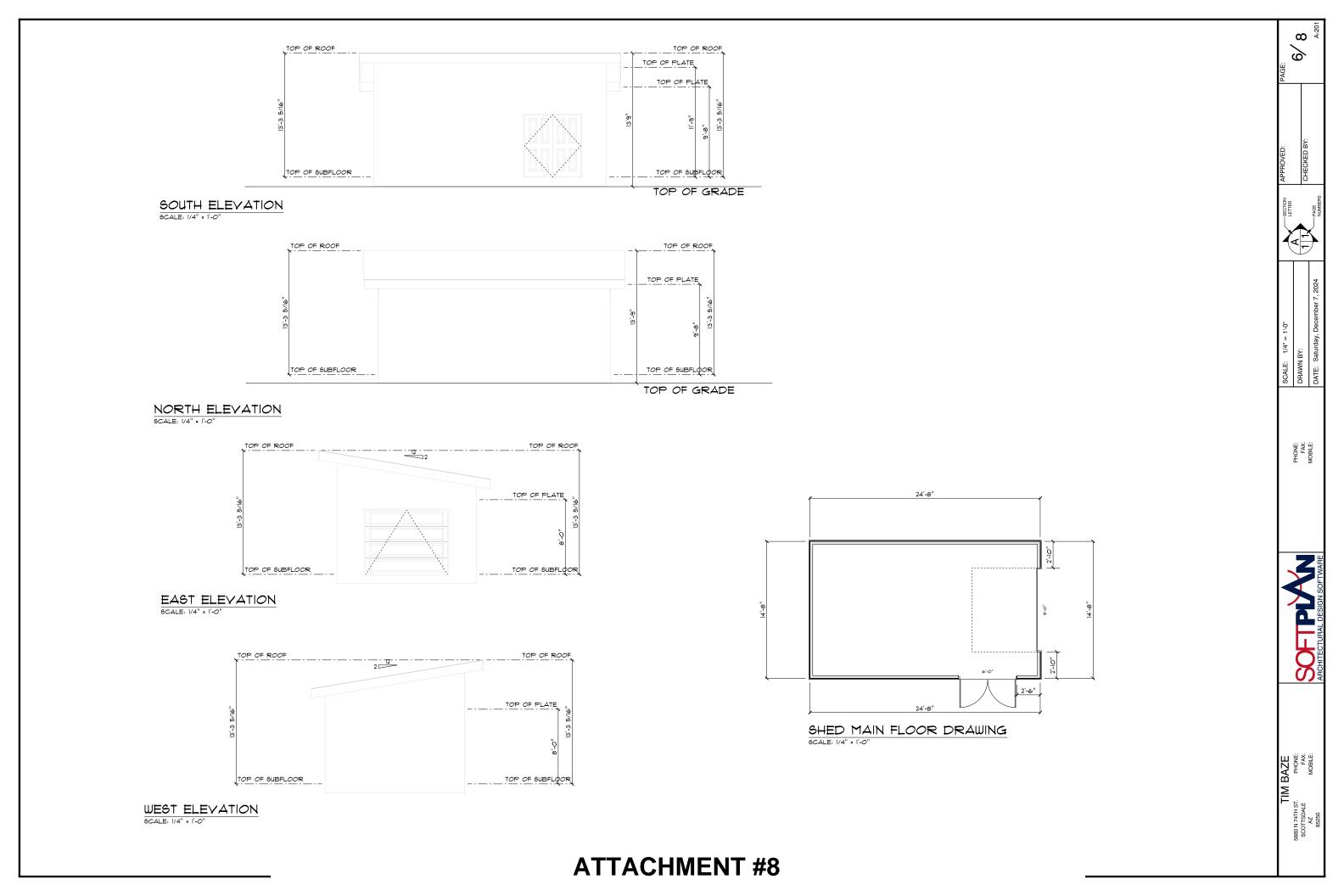
L1

GUARD POST OR GATE POST LIGHT POLE

ASSESSORS PARCEL NUMBER

MARICOPA COUNTY RECORDS

RECORD PER BK. 208 OF MAPS, PG. 28, M.C.R.



2	ASE 1 51-BA-81 MATE ONE PI-18 EE 25 00 PPLICATION RECEIVED BY: POOL	APPLICATION TO THE MOARD OF ADJUSTMENT	APPROVED AS PRESENTED APPROVED W/STIP. A w/d. DENIED CONTINUED TO: CHAIRMAN
AP		Gilburne Construction Inc.	OF THIS FORM (PLEASE TYPE) Phoenix, AZ 85016
Bo	RIANCE REQUESTED AT 74th Start DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY ook 208, Page 28, Maricopa (1, T.2 N., R.4 E.	treet & San Miquel Avenue WHERE VARIANCE IS REQUESTED: County Recorder, situated in	Lots 11,12,13 of Del Prado, the NW4, SE4, NW4, Section
APP	LICANT'S REQUEST: (1) To bu	uild a 6 foot masonry fence	on the west property line of
		ld a 6 foot masonry fence in	
Lot	13.		
SCO	TTSDALE ZONING ORDINANCE NO.	ONITRES. (1) That a family	
			a double frontage lot honor the
	red front yard.	rrontages: (2) That walls sh	all not exceed 3 feet in the re-
		ORDINANCE TO BE VARIED (1)	
	UNT OF VARIANCE: (1) 35	reet (2) 35 reet	
1)	These lots are the only R1	-18 reverse frontage lots in	the neighborhood and all other
	adjoining lots to the sout	h, north and west can build	their fences on the R/W line of
	74th Street. Also, the ex	isting house on Lot 13 is bu	uilt facing east.
2) _	These conditions were crea	ted by later zoning cases wh	nich allowed adjacent developments
	to build on the 74th Stree	t R/W line.	
-			
3) _	These variances will allow	the owners of Lots 11, 12 a	and 13 to utilize their rear and
-	side yards which they canno	ot presently do.	
-			
4)_	This variance will allow Lo	ots 11, 12 and 13 to conform	to the established wall con-
_	figuration of the existing	and future neighborhood.	
-			
Pri	Fred E. Fleet	4550 N.	12th St., Phoenix, AZ 85014 Zip Code
8T	FOOK CI	W/	
T	The state of the s	(602) 26	4-6831

GILBURNE Construction, Inc.

3737 East Indian School Road Phoenix, Arizona 85018 (602) 957-0151

May 1, 1981

City of Scottsdale

To Whom it May Concern;

This letter will act as authorization for Fred Fleet to act on behalf of Gilburne Construction, Inc. in filing variances in the subdivision know as Del do.

Thank You;

Morris Gilburne President

Gilburne Construction, Inc.

CITY OF SCOTTSDALE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT



REPORT OF THE BUILDING DIRECTOR TO THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT

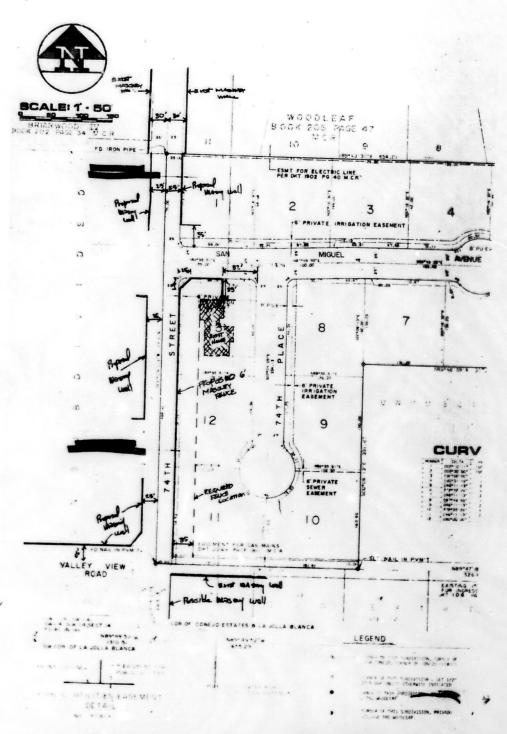
VARIANCE -	Setback	CASE No.	51-BA-81
LOCATION	74th Street & San Miguel Avenue	DATE	5/20/81
		((of meeting)
NAME	Gilburne Construction Inc.		
		DATE	5/12/81
ADDRESS	3737 E. Indian School Rd. Phoenix	(of report)

The following report on the variance noted above is submitted by the Director of Building Inspection and shall not be considered as an approved variance until final action of the Board of Adjustment.

- REQUEST To construct a 6 ft. high fence on property line on lots 11, 12 and 13, and a 6 ft. high fence in part of the front yard of lot 13.
- II. EVIDENCE SUBMITTED Site Plan
- III. <u>DISCUSSION</u> The lots in question are located across the street from an R1-7 PRD subdivision which does allow the 6 ft. masonry wall to be located on the property line. The 3 lots orient towards 74th Place and with both front and rear setbacks there is very little usable rear yard.

Because of the allowed location of fences on the surrounding subdivision, a tunnel effect is already existing. One other factor is a 1 ft. nonvehicular access easement. Because there will only be 5 ft. between the back of sidewalk and the proposed fence, and because there is no homeowners association to maintain this area it is recommended that access be provided from the rear yards on 74th Place.

IV. <u>RECOMMENDATION</u> That the variance be approved with a stipulation that a 3 ft. wide gate be provided in order to have access to maintain the property. SAN MIGUEL AVE. l"=100' 8-8-79 VALLEY VIEW ROAD 51-BA-81



51-BA-81



FW: Board of Adjustment Public Comment

From Kelly, John < JKelly@Scottsdaleaz.gov>

Date Wed 2/19/2025 7:55 AM

To Dobson, Andrew < ADobson@Scottsdaleaz.gov>

Cc Cluff, Bryan <BCluff@Scottsdaleaz.gov>

From: WebServices < WebServices@scottsdaleaz.gov>

Sent: Tuesday, February 18, 2025 6:55 PM

To: Board Of Adjustment <BoardofAdjustment@ScottsdaleAZ.gov>; Projectinput

<Projectinput@Scottsdaleaz.gov>

Subject: Board of Adjustment Public Comment

Importance: High

Name: meilee smythe

Address: 5855 N 75th St., Scottsdale, 85250

Email: meilees@msn.com Phone: (602) 321-2528

Comment:

I am submitting comments regarding variance for setback adjustment for the site located at 5680 N 74th Place, the Baze Residence, case #3-BA-2025. I believe the homeowner plans to build a casita or something next to the current house. The structure is an EYESORE from the street and is not consistent with the other beautiful homes east of 74th St. and San Miguel. The somewhat built structure as it is exist now is too close to the perimeter wall and is too high relative to the perimeter wall. Since the house is on the corner of 74th St. and San Miguel, it is very noticeable. Although this residence is not part of an HOA, it is surrounded by several communities that are governed by an HOA such as Briarwood 4, Briarwood 5 and Woodleaf, it would NEVER be approved by the HOA. If the homeowner wants to build a casita, it needs to blend in with the existing house. This structure as it is now is too stand out and too much of an eye sore not only for the other homeowners in that same neighborhood but also for the other communities surrounding it. If this house and the proposed structure was situated in the back of the street or somewhere else that is not noticeable from a major thoroughfare such as 74th St. and San Miguel (corner lot), it maybe OK. But 74th St is a major thoroughfare for the communities living around it. Please ask the homeowner to redesign the structure (reducing the height and allowing a little more set back from the perimeter wall) so it is not such an eyesore or turn down the request. Thank you for allowing me to comment.